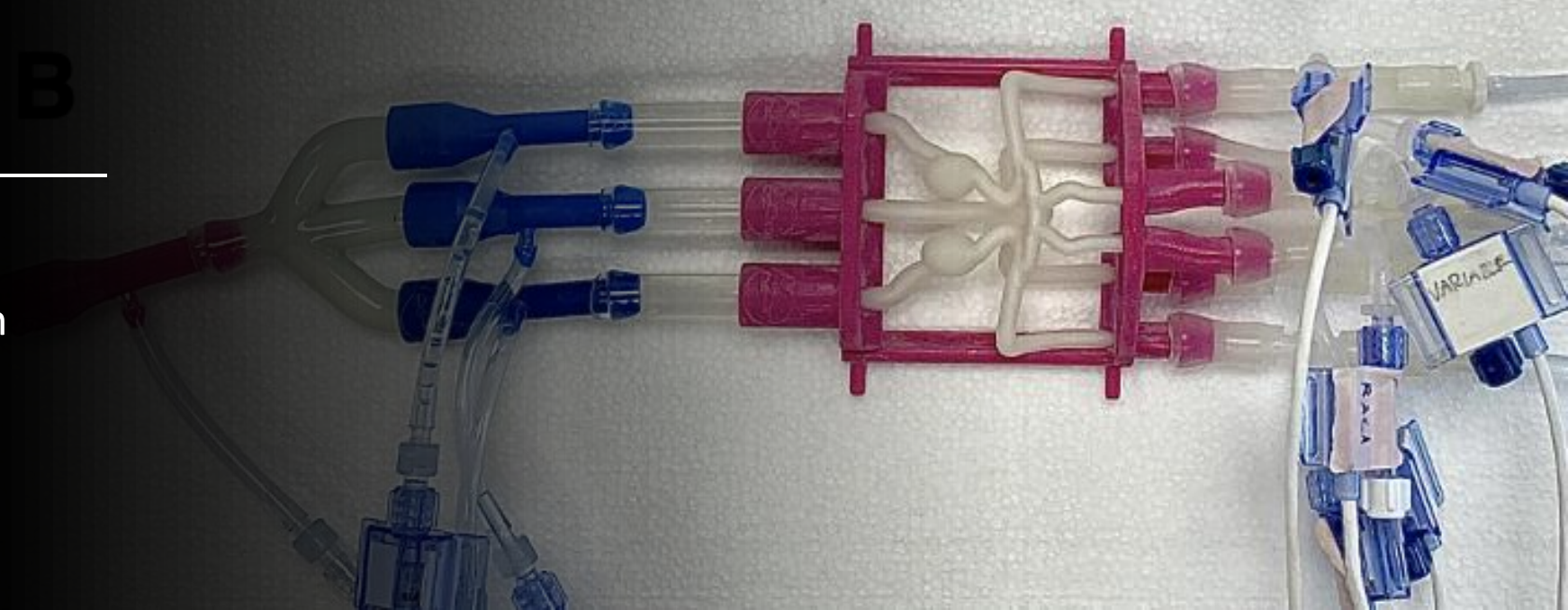


BDL/Aneuvras

Kathryn Nelson - Luke Nelson -
Aditya Ponugupaty - Isaac Smith

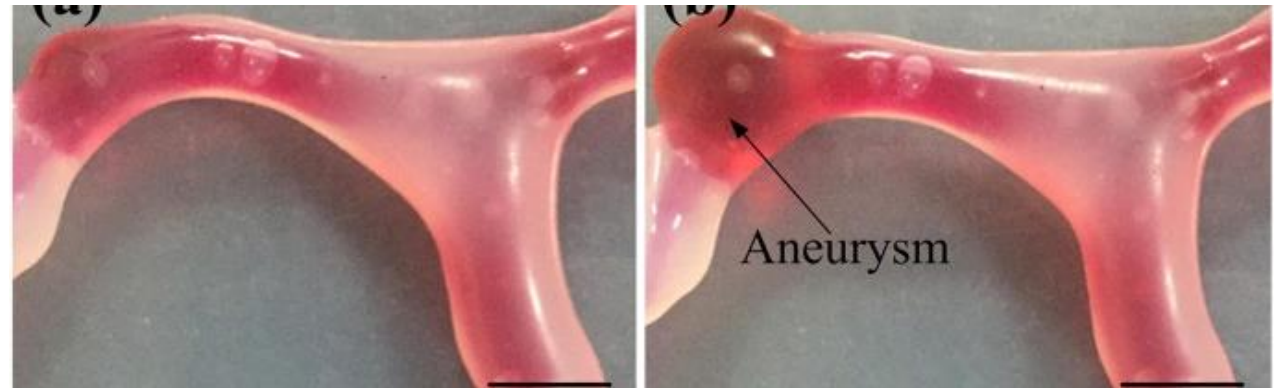


Project Description

Team BDL/Aneuvvas is tasked with:

- Creating a 3D printed model that replicates organic tissue measurable to the human carotid artery.
- To analyze, design, 3D-print and test "plug and play" models of blood vessels in the brain, such as aneurysms, using innovative layering methods.
- Provide the client with qualitative data on material properties for each method.

[1]



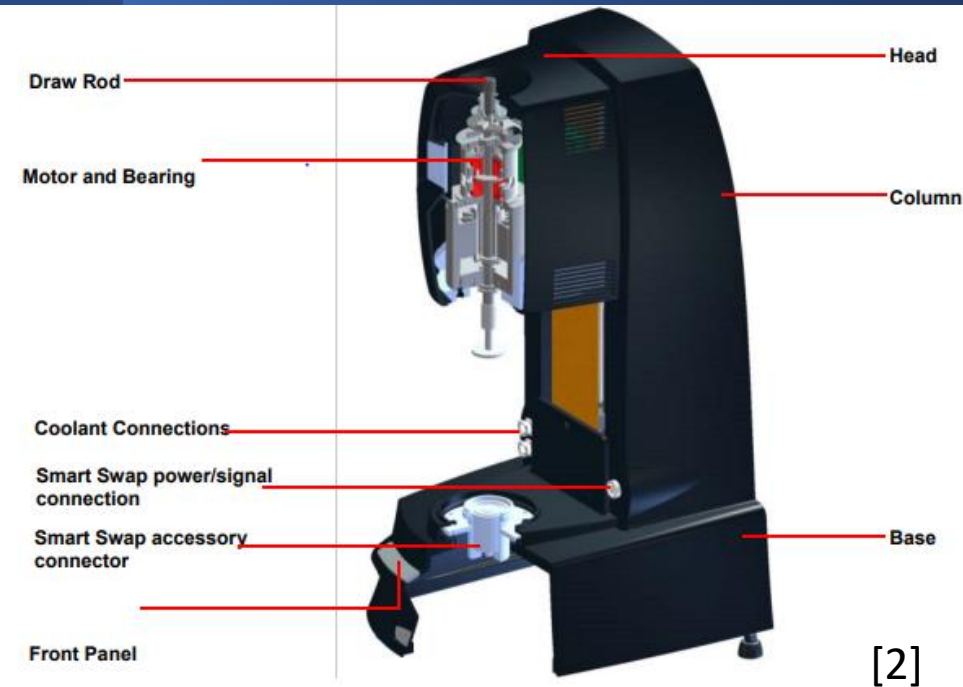
Sponsor(s) and Importance

Sponsors:

- Dr. Becker (BDL)
- Aneuvvas Inc.

Stakeholders:

- Material engineers
- Model Developers
- Neurosurgeons



Background & Benchmarking

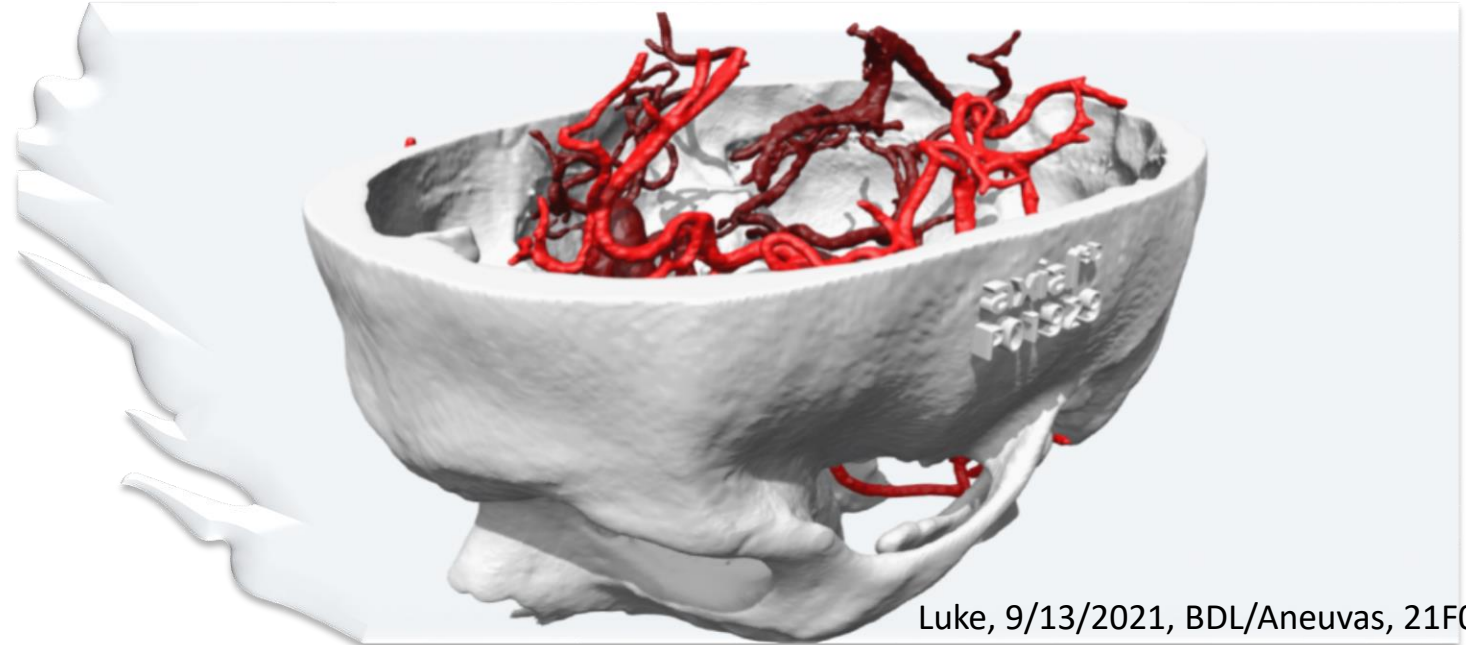
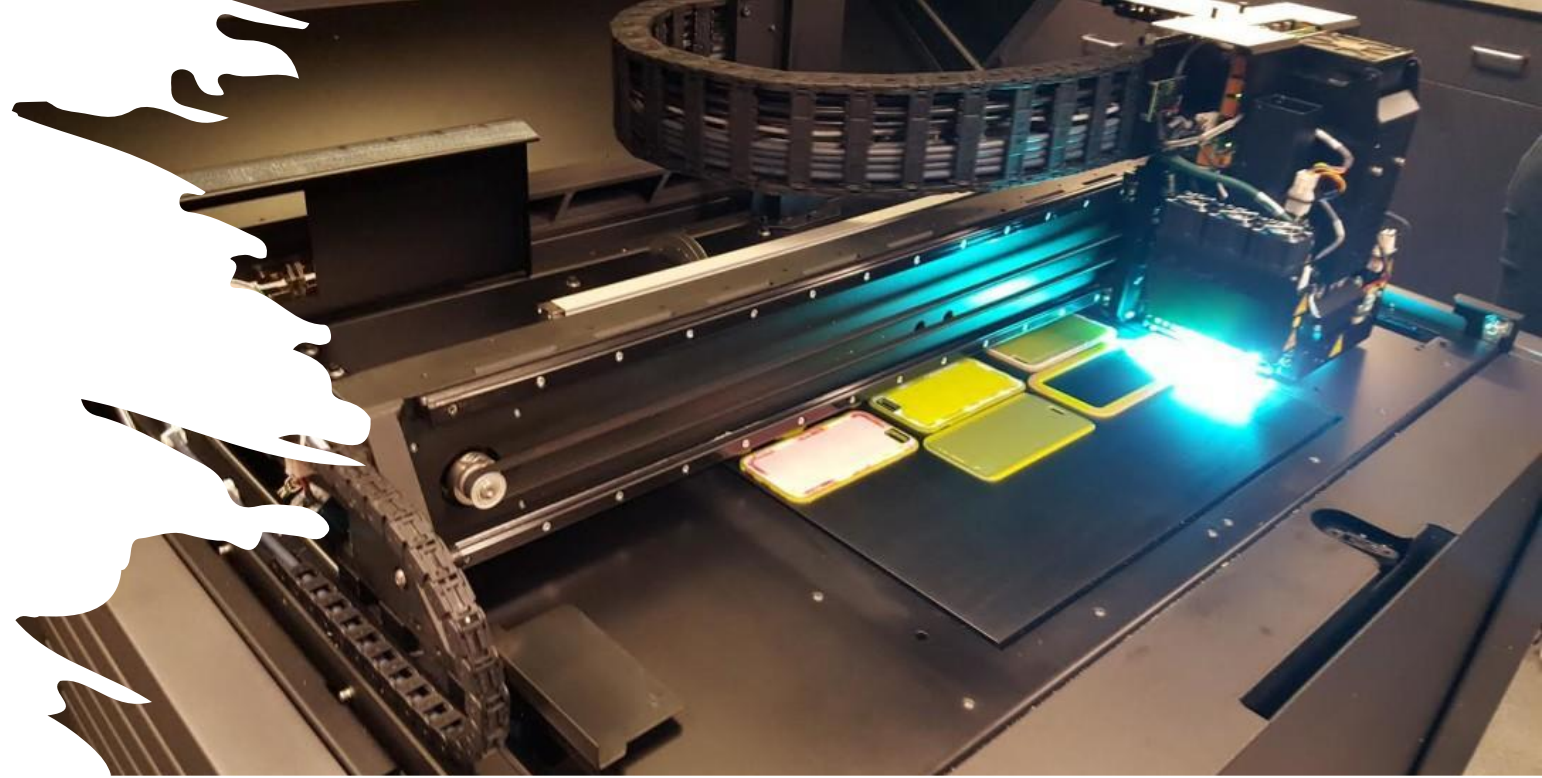
- Bioengineering Devices Lab (BDL) provides opportunities in neurovascular devices [4]
 - New microcatheter designs
 - Ischemic stroke systems
 - Innovative embolic agents for aneurysms
- Biomodics (Denmark) [5]
 - Aim is to eliminate medical device complications
 - Holds the patent portfolio for supercritical CO₂, interpenetrating polymer networks and drug delivery




Biomodics
Reimagine silicone

- Stratasys [6]
 - Large 3D printer manufacturer
 - Works alongside Ford Motors
 - At the forefront of the 3D printing world

- Axial 3D [8]
 - Makes patient specific surgery routine
 - Automatically converts all 2D imaging into clinically relevant 3D images and prints.



Importance

Statistical importance:

- Estimated 6.5 million people in U.S. have an unruptured aneurysm, or 1 in 50 people [3].
- 500,000 deaths worldwide per year. Half of the victims are younger than 50 [3].

Model importance:

- Creating a more property accurate model of brain vessels can assist:
 - Medical students [9]
 - Neurosurgeons
 - Bio-Engineers
 - Researchers
- Allows for neurosurgeons to practice before performing the operation which leads to:
 - More clear direction of the veins [9]
 - Less mistakes during surgery [9]
 - Increases the safety of the patient [10]
 - Cheaper costs for the patient [10]

Literature Review

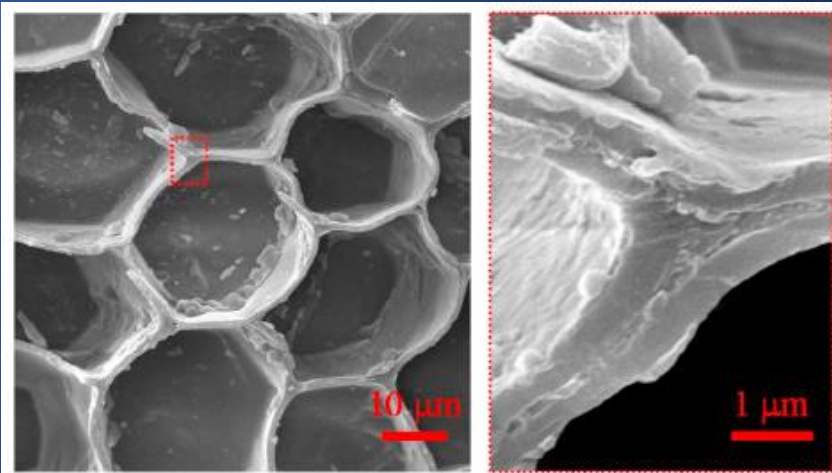
3D printing methods: (Kathryn)

- Fused Disposition Modeling (FDM) printers, print layer by layer, most common [11]
 - Uses thermoplastics or biomaterials to print layers as thin as 10-200 μm , in order to replicate the properties of vessels [12]
- 3D printing patient specific models based off 2D imaging [10]
 - Takes a CT scan of the patient's brain to gain a clear visual of the aneurysm and the veins surrounding it

Behavior under testing: (AP)

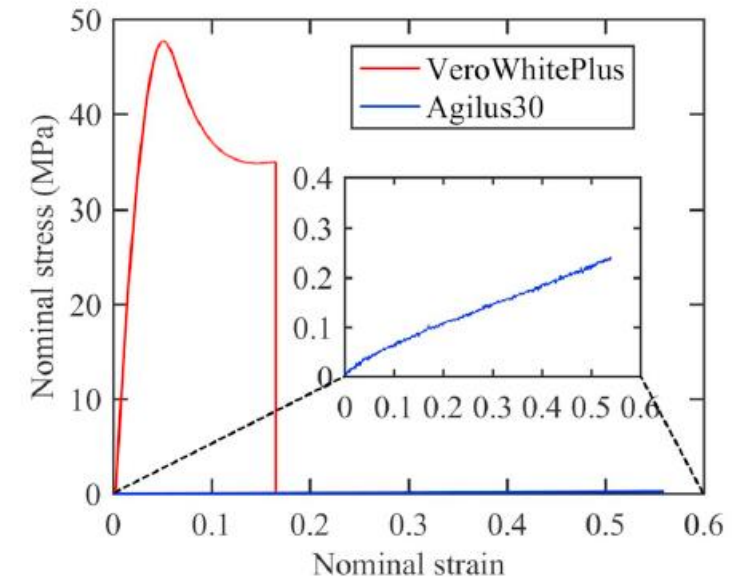
- Experimental challenges of shear rheology: how to avoid bad data [13]

To make sure we are collecting accurate data, we need to look at discrepancies' that yield bad data.



Literature Review

- Hardness and Lubricity (Isaac)
 - Hardness: Durometer used to test sample hardness vs. Using a rheometer with a spherical indenter. Larger scaled 3D prints.[14]
 - Hardness and lubricity tests were determined to be destructive tests for the samples. Lubricity performed through a sample soaked in PBS and measuring rheometer friction of sample. [15]
- Stress/Strain Analysis (Luke)
 - VeroWhitePlus (VW) vs Agilus 30 [16]
 - VW yields at a ~5% strain and abruptly fails around 16% of tensile strain.
 - Agilus30 displays rubber-like hyper-elastic behavior and provides remarkable elasticity and shape recovery.
 - VW is much more brittle.



Client Requirements & Engineering Requirements

**Table values do not correlate from left to right. Only for information display.*

Tests Conducting	Client Requirements	Engineering Requirements
Elastic and Shear Moduli	Size	Stiffness / E (kPa)
Tensile Modulus	Easy to Connect	Thickness (um)
Poison's Ratio	Soft interior, hard exterior (Layered)	Compressive modulus (kPa)
Hardness	Lightweight	Frequency (rad/s) (up and down)
Radial Force	Material Selection	Poison's Ratio
Compliance	Retains shape	Compliance (cm ³ /mmHg)
Lubricity	Similar properties to organic tissue	Angular Acceleration (rad/s)
-	-	Radial Force (N/mm)
-	-	Pressure (mmHg)

House of Quality

Project: 3D Printing and Testing																									
Date: Fall '21 - Spring '22												Direction of Improvement		Relationships		Weight		Correlations							
Names:												Maximize	▲	Strong	●	9	Positive	+							
Kathryn Nelson	Stiffness/ E (kPa)	+											Target	□	Medium	○	3	Negative	-						
Luke Nelson	Thickness (mm)	-	+											Minimize	▼	Weak	▽	1	No Correlation						
Aditya P.	Compressive Modules (kPa)	+	+	+											Customer Competitive Assessment										
Isaac Smith	Frequency (rad/s)	-	-	+	-	-											1	Poor							
	Poisson's ratio (unitless)	+	+	-	-	-											3	Acceptable							
	Compliance (cm ³ /mmHg)	-	+	-	-	-											5	Excellent							
	Angular Acceleration (rad/s)	-	-	-	+	+	-	-																	
	Radial Force (N/mm)	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+																
	Layering (um)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+															
	Pressure (mmHg)	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+														
Engineering Requirements																									
Direction of Improvement		▼	▼	▲	□	□	▲	□	□	▲	□	Benchmark Assessment													
Relative Weight	Customer Importance	Customer Requirements	Stiffness/ E (kPa)	Thickness (mm)	Compressive Modules (kPa)	Frequency (rad/s)	Poisson's ratio (unitless)	Compliance (cm ³ /mmHg)	Angular Acceleration (rad/s)	Radial Force (N/mm)	Layering (um)	Pressure (mmHg)	BDL	Biometrics	Stratasys	Axial3D									
3%	1	Size	●	●	▽	○	○	●	▽	▽	○	▽	5	3	5	3									
9%	3	Easy to connect	▽	●	▽	▽	▽	▽	▽	▽	○	▽	5	3	3	5									
26%	9	Soft interior, hard exterior (layered)	●	▽	●	▽	▽	○	○	○	●	●	3	5	1	1									
3%	1	Lightweight	●	○	○	▽	○	▽	▽	▽	○	○	3	3	3	3									
26%	9	Material selection	●	▽	●	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	5	3	5	3									
9%	3	Retains shape	○	○	▽	●	●	○	○	▽	●	○	3	3	3	5									
26%	9	Similar properties to organic tissue	●	○	●	●	●	●	○	○	●	●	5	1	3	1									
Importance Rating Sum (Importance x Relationship)			780	266	722.8571	586	437.1	602.8571429	425.7142857	408.6	814.286	740													
Relative Weight			13%	5%	13%	10%	8%	10%	7%	7%	14%	13%													
Technical Requirement Units			kPa	mm	kPa	rads/s		cm ³ /mmHg	rads/s	N/mm	um	mmHg													

Schedule

BDL/ANEUVAS CAPSTONE

NAU ME Capstone

Project Lead: Isaac Smith

Project Start:

Display Week:

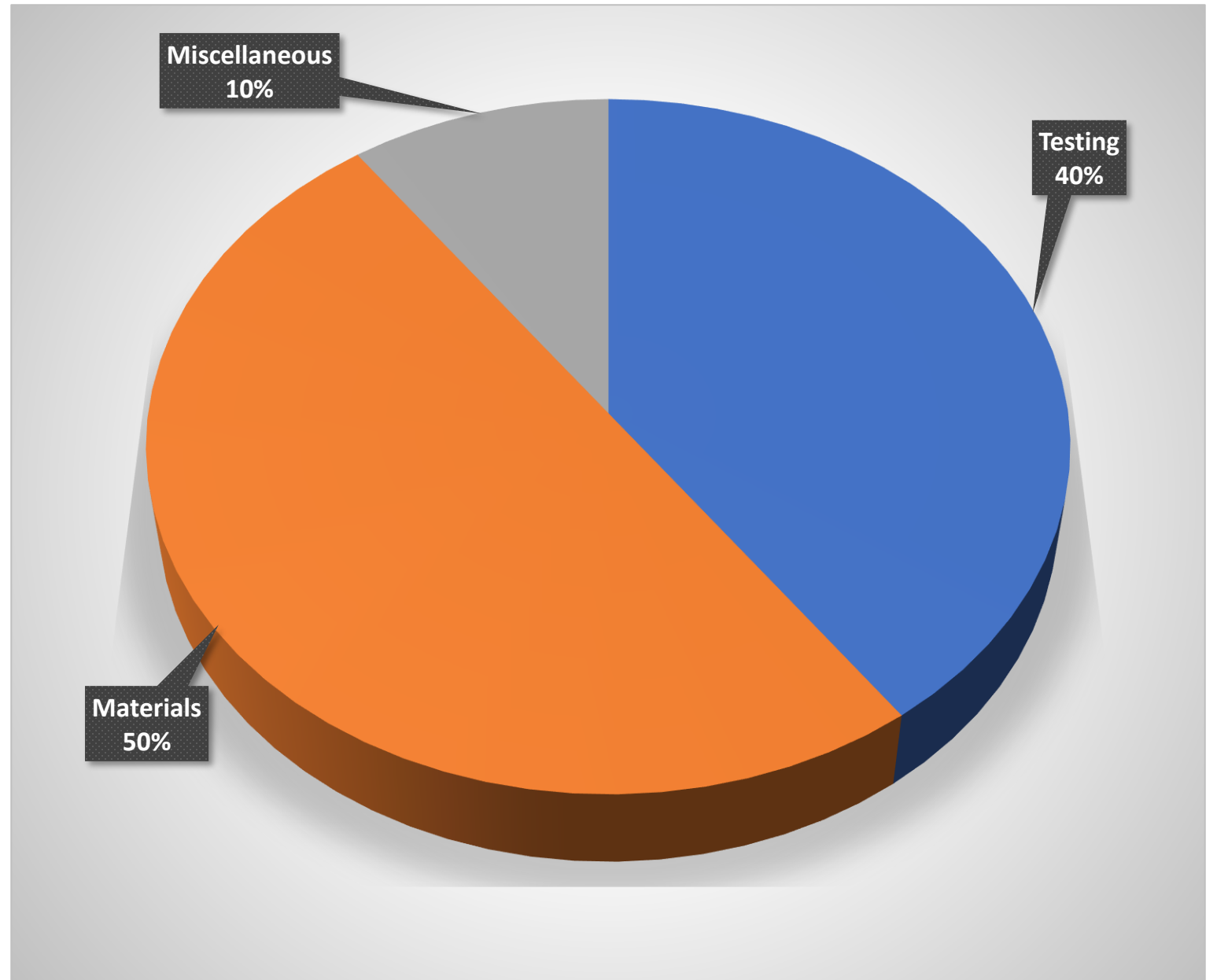
** As of date of making

TASK	ASSIGNED TO	PROGRESS	START	END	DAY S	Aug 30, 2021							Sep 6, 2021					Sep 13, 2021								
						30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
						M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S
Introduction																										
Team Charter and MS Team setup	All	100%	8/30/2021	9/3/2021	5																					
Meet with client	All	100%	9/3/2021	9/3/2021	1																					
Customer and Engineering Requirements																										
Read Nick's paper	All	100%	8/30/21	9/2/21	4																					
Presentation 1	All	100%	9/6/21	9/13/21	8																					
Project Description and Benchmarki	All	100%	9/6/21	9/13/21																						
House of Quality	Issac	100%	9/8/21	9/13/21																						
Schedule	AP, Luke	100%	9/8/21	9/13/21																						
Literature Review	All	100%	9/8/21	9/13/21																						
Budget	Kateryn	100%	9/8/21	9/13/21																						
Website Creation/Work	Luke	0%	9/17/21	9/22/21	6																					
Preliminary Report Start	All	0%	9/21/21	9/21/21	1																					

Budget

An estimated overall budget of \$1,000
Estimated allocations:

- \$500 in materials, measured per grams used.
- \$400 of testing time of rheometer, fluoroscope, and lab usage.
- \$100 for miscellaneous cost associated with material or small tools.



Resources

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- [12] C. N. Ionita *et al.*, "Challenges and limitations of patient-specific vascular phantom fabrication using 3D Polyjet printing," *Med. Imaging 2014 Biomed. Appl. Mol. Struct. Funct. Imaging*, vol. 9038, no. March 2014, p. 90380M, 2014, doi: 10.1117/12.2042266.
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That's all Folks!