

College of Engineering,
Forestry, and
Notural Sciences

# Natural Sciences

# **Grid Connected Converter**

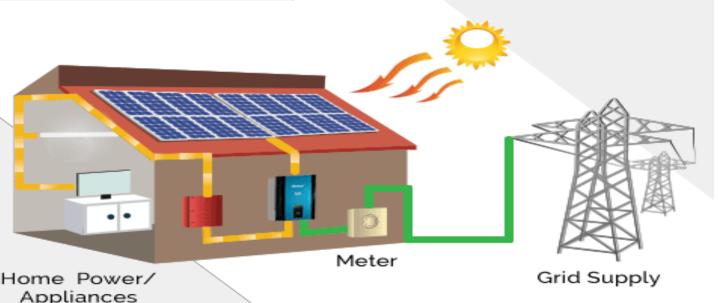
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## **Abstract**

#### Purpose:

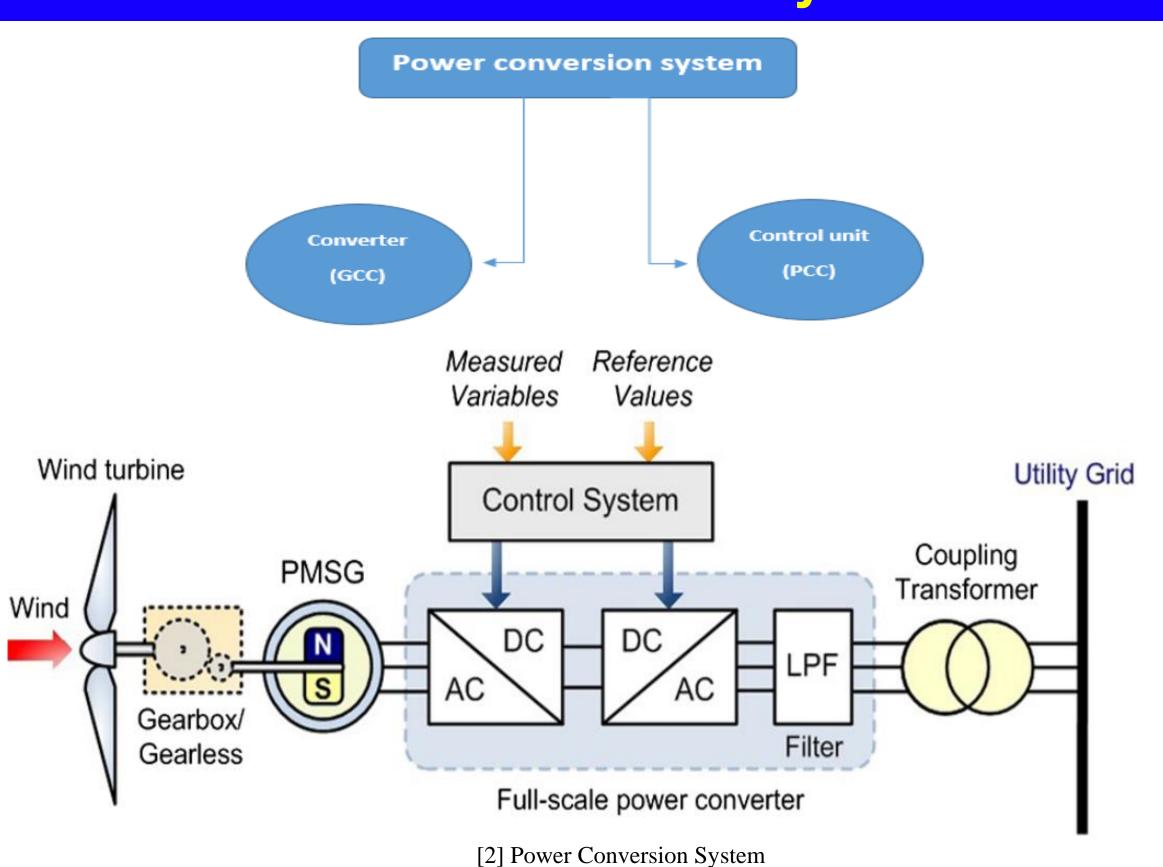
- ➤ Implement and build a laboratory scale prototype of multilevel converter for high power applications and test it using a digital controlling unit (PCC).
- The converter should fit three power applications that our client's research are focusing on which are:
- A- Wind Power Systems.
- B- Photovoltaic Systems.
- C- Motor Drives.



[1] Grid Connected Converter

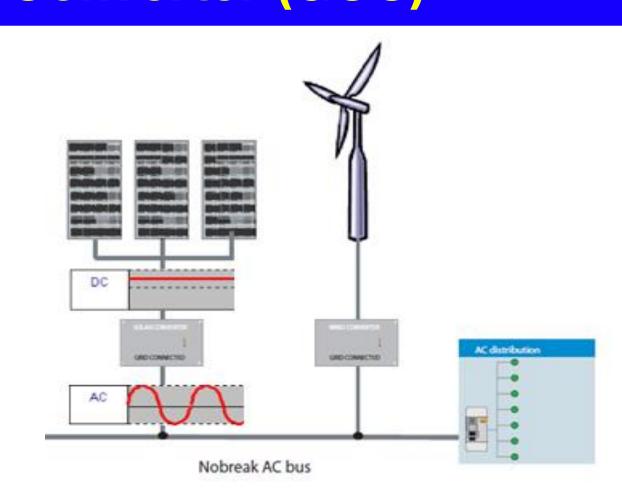
➤ Improve overall performance of the converter through improved simulation models using the model predictive control topology.

# **Power Conversion System**



# **Grid Connected Converter (GCC)**

- Connected to the utility grid and to the power supply.
- Converts the input (AC/DC) to AC with specific frequency and voltage phase that matches the current flowing in the utility grid.



# Solution: Back-to-Back NPC Converter

#### **A-Wind Power Systems.**

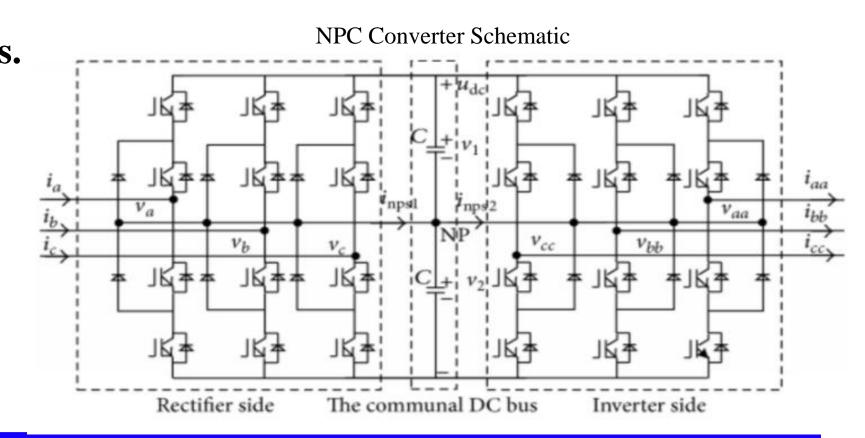
AC (variable v,f) => DC => AC (fixed v,f)

#### **B- Motor Drives.**

 $AC ext{ (fixed v,f)} \Rightarrow DC \Rightarrow AC ext{ (variable v,f)}$ 

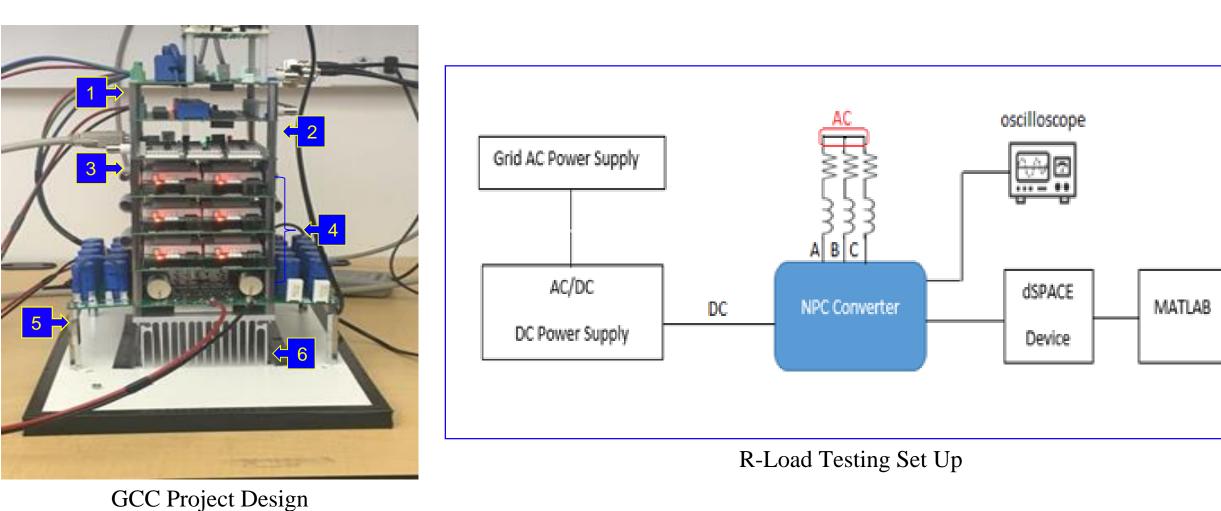
C- Photovoltaic Systems.

DC => AC (fixed v,f)



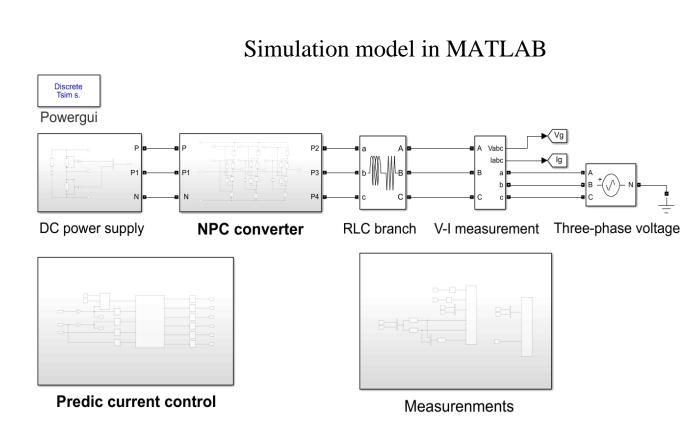
# Design Overview & Subsystems

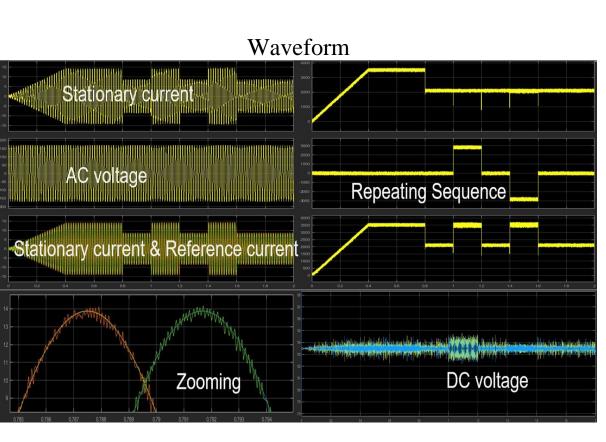
- 1. Current sensors: send current measurements to the control unit.
- 2. Voltage sensors: send voltage measurements to the control unit.
- **3. dSPACE Interface Board:** Convert TTL logic signals from the dSPACE DS1103 to CMOS logic.
- 4. Gate Drivers: Provides electrical isolation, turn on/off switching devices.
- 5. NPC Power Board: contains IGBT converting to AC.
- 6. Heatsink: cool down power board.



# **Predictive Current Control (PCC)**

The algorithm is based on a model of the system. From that model, the behavior of the system is predicted for each possible switching state of the inverter.



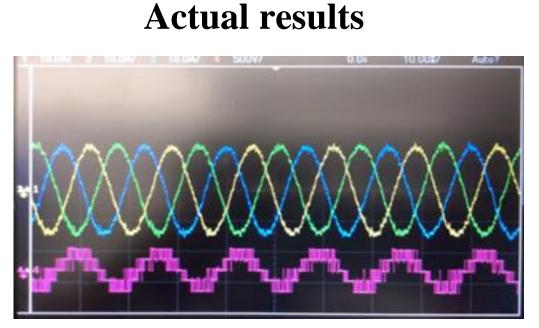


## Result & Analysis

#### **Simulation**

# ACVoltage Switching Voltage

- The converter was supplied with 350 V and 10 Amp DC power.
- Three phase AC waveforms.
- 5 level line to line AC waveform.

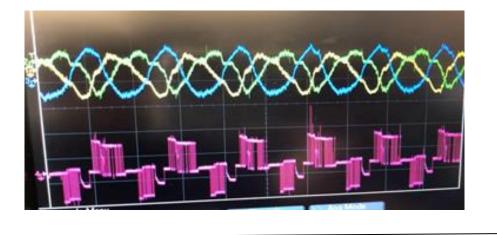


• Successful conversion of a 3500 Watt to AC that can be fed to the utility grid.

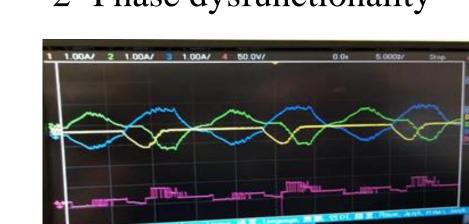
### **Issues & Solutions**

#### **Issues:**

1- Noise Problem.



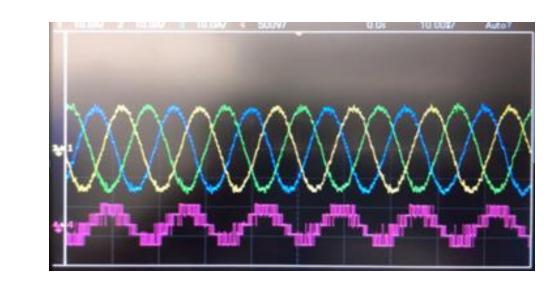
2- Phase dysfunctionality



#### **Solutions:**

A- Shield wires connection.

B- Replacing IGPT's.



#### Conclusion

- Implementing a prototype converter for high power applications helps our client Dr. Yaramasu to contribute in the research field.
- Improved PCC simulation models are used to improve the overall performance of the converter.
- Efficiency of converter is improved 1-2% through reducing harmonic distortion based on model predictive control topologies.
- Future work includes publishing an IEEE paper, and doing more tests.

Thanks to CEFNS for Financial Support & Dr. Venkata Yaramasu, Director of AMPERE Lab

#### References

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