

IntelliChirp - Soundscape Noise Analysis Workbench

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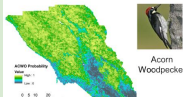


Motivation

"Recent work incorporating long-term surveys and radar remote sensing suggests a **drastic decline of 2.9 billion birds in North America** since 1970 (Rosenberg et al. 2019)"



Soundscape Recording Data

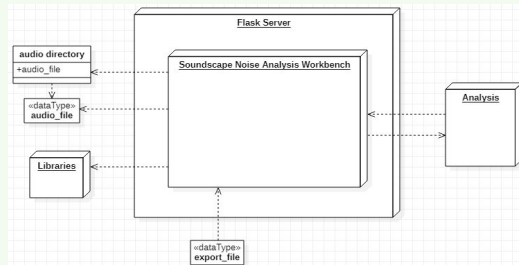


Species Distribution Model

Soundscapes to Landscapes (S2L) is a science-based project that seeks to advance the monitoring of biodiversity across large areas using data from new Earth-observing sensors and advanced modeling.

Teams of citizen scientists use inexpensive portable sound recorders to collect sounds for a few days in natural woodlands, grasslands, agricultural areas and urban areas throughout Sonoma County. Currently there is not a way to **automatically** classify the individual sounds from these soundscape recorders.

Architecture



Solution

Select from list of all uploaded files

Select one of three sound types to view results of

View results of neural network classification

Play the uploaded audio file

An automatic way to classify individual sounds from soundscape recorders

Outcome

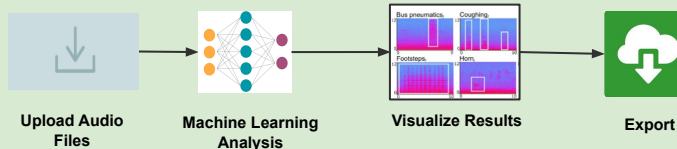
Species populations and habitats are in decline, and low cost recording devices are offering promising results for monitoring these changes. We have implemented an web application that uses machine learning to ingest and automatically analyze audio files.

The Soundscape Noise Analysis Workbench will be a major step forward in efficiently classifying acoustic data as a way to identify and conserve biodiversity across the world.

Testing



Key Features



Technologies

- Front-End** NodeJS React
- Back-End** Python Keras Flask Tensorflow Matplotlib

Challenges

Neural Network Accuracy - Improving the accuracy has involved gathering more training data and adjusting the architecture of the models.

Gathering Training Data - Soundscapes2Landscapes was not providing enough data to train on in a timely way. We used open source data from various sources to solve this challenge.

Future Work

1. Further improve the machine learning algorithms
2. Can analyze sound more detailedly, such as identifying bird species