

Northern Arizona University Transportation Capstones

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- Transportation Engineering Services (Roundabout Design): Amal Abdelaziz, Kevin Farrel, TJ Sullivan, & Ralph Ubert

Project Overview

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- Client: City of Flagstaff
- POC: Stephanie Sarty
- Location: N. Country Club Dr. and E. Old Walnut Canyon Rd.
- Project Budget: \$1,115,000 FY2018
- Purpose: Redesign the intersection for both a traffic signal and roundabout

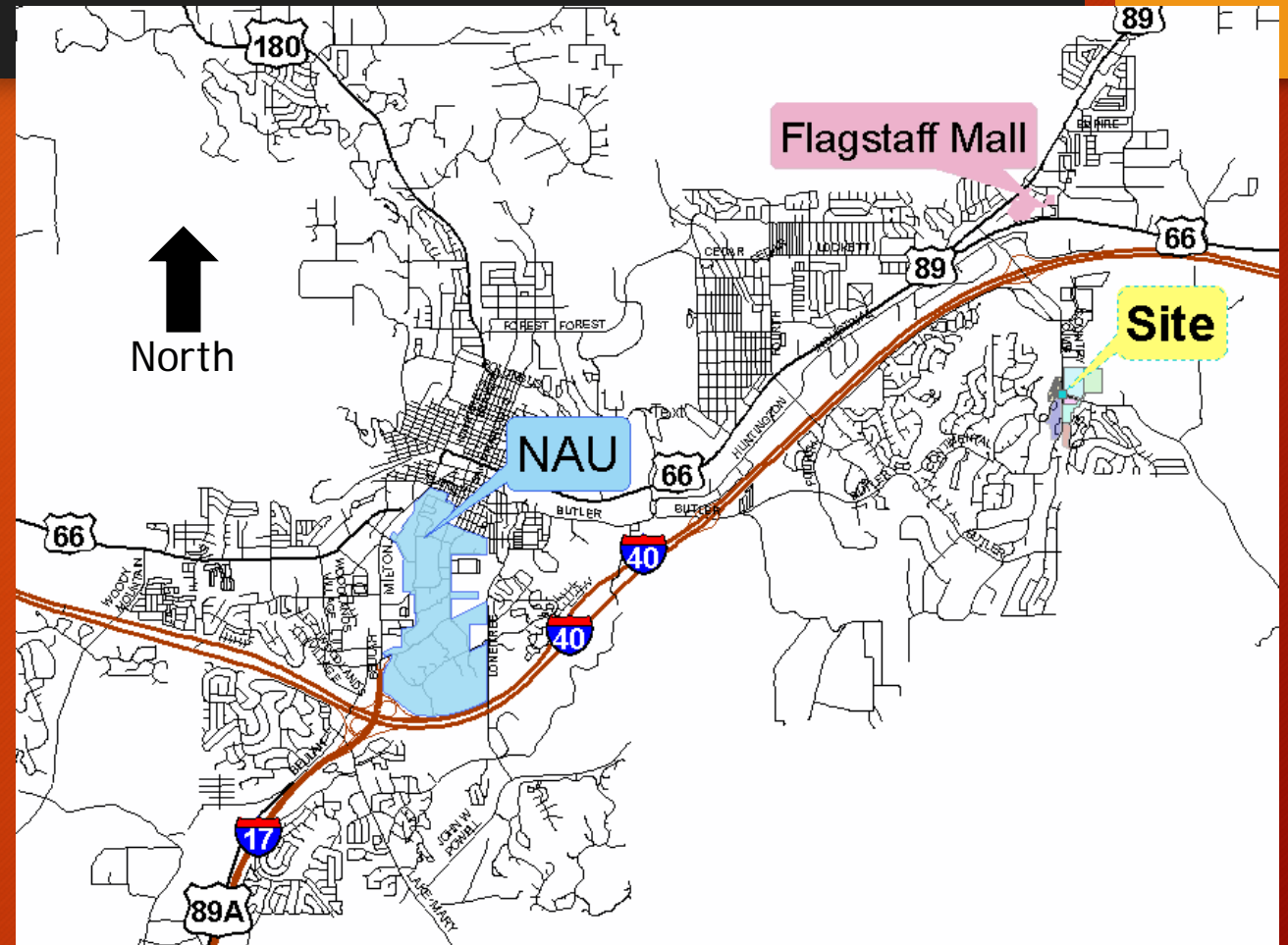


Figure 1: Intersection Location [1]

Agenda

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- Current Conditions
- Traffic Studies
 - Speed & Volume Data
 - Vehicle Classification
 - Current/Projected LOS
 - Right of Way
 - Sight Distance
- Signal Alternative
- Roundabout Alternative
- Impacts
- Design Comparison



Figure 2: Intersection Location [1]

Current Speed/Volume Data



Leg of Intersection	Peak Hour Volume			
	AM Peak Hour	AM Volume	PM Peak Hour	PM Volume
NB Country Club	8:00-9:00	228	4:30-5:30	263
SB Country Club	7:15-8:15	540	5:00-6:00	687
EB Oakmont	11:00-12:00	142	3:00-4:00	174
WB Old Walnut Canyon	8:00-9:00	284	5:00-6:00	399

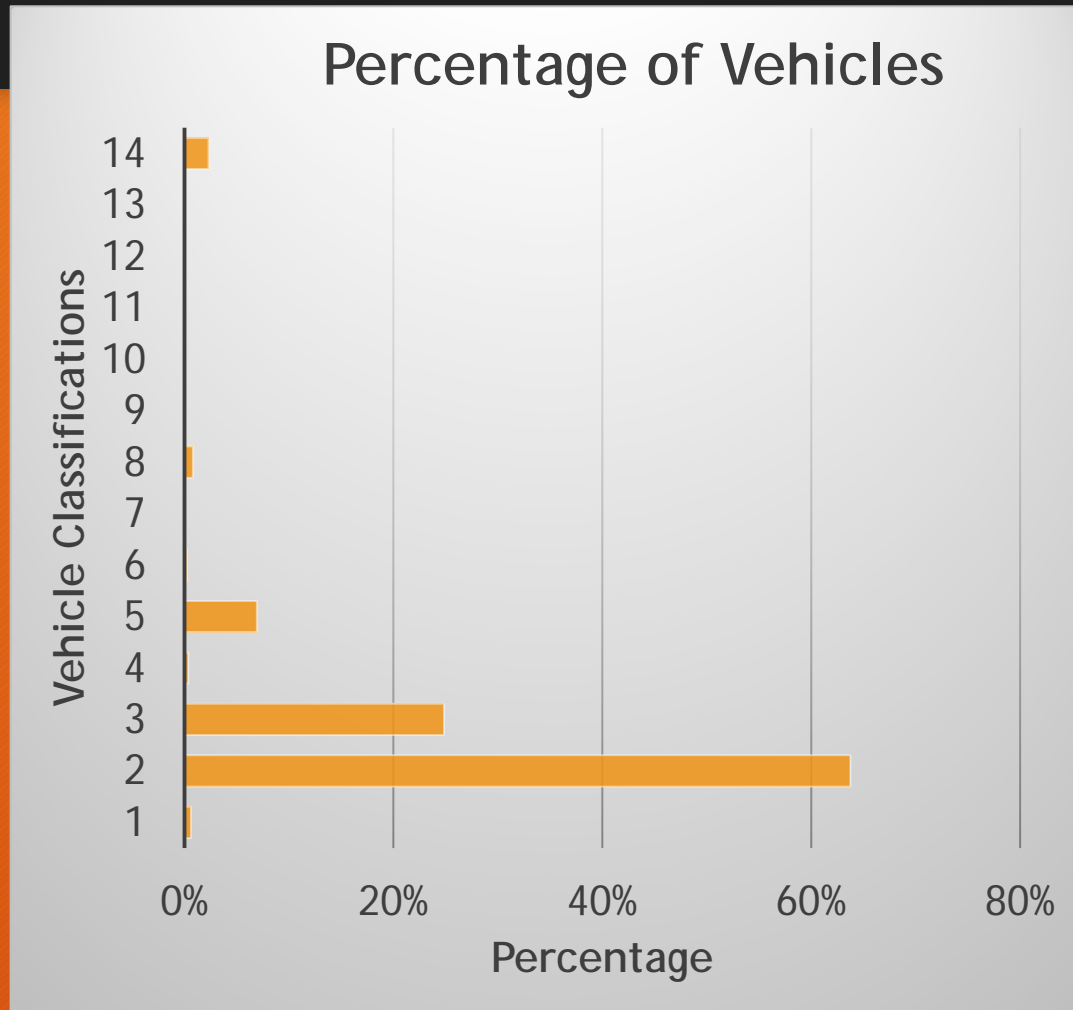
Table 1: AM/PM Peak Hours and Volume

- Speeds indicate 85th percentile
- ADT=Average Daily Traffic

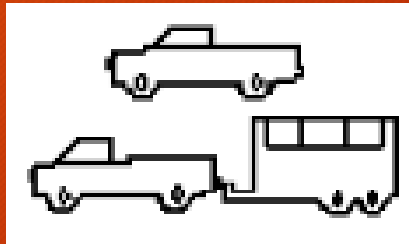
Figure 3: Speed and Volume Data

Vehicle Classification

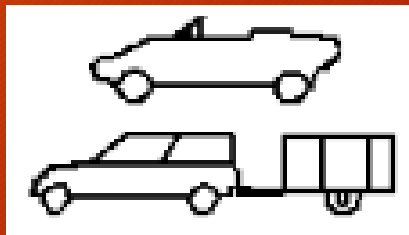
5



Class 14: Unclassified vehicles
Class 5: Single Unit Trucks (2 Axle, 6 tire) including recreation vehicles



Class 3: Pickups & Vans (2 Axle, 4 tire) including those with light trailers



Class 2: Passenger vehicles including those pulling light trailers

Figure 4: Vehicle Classification Statistics



VISSIM



Level of Service (LOS): Inputs

Highway Capacity Software Inputs												
	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right
Number of Lanes	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
Configuration		LTR		LT		R	L		TR	L	T	R
Volume (veh/hr)	65	14	4	19	16	167	6	122	36	274	157	87
Percent Heavy Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2	2	2			2		

Table 2: HCS Inputs

Level of Service: Outputs

Current HCS Delay and LOS												
	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right
Approach Delay (s/veh)	22.2			11.1			0.4			4.3		
Approach LOS	C			B			A			A		

Table 3: Current Delay & LOS

Future HCS Delay and LOS												
	Eastbound			Westbound			Northbound			Southbound		
	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right	Left	Thru	Right
Approach Delay (s/veh)	81			12.6			0.3			4.5		
Approach LOS	F			B			A			A		

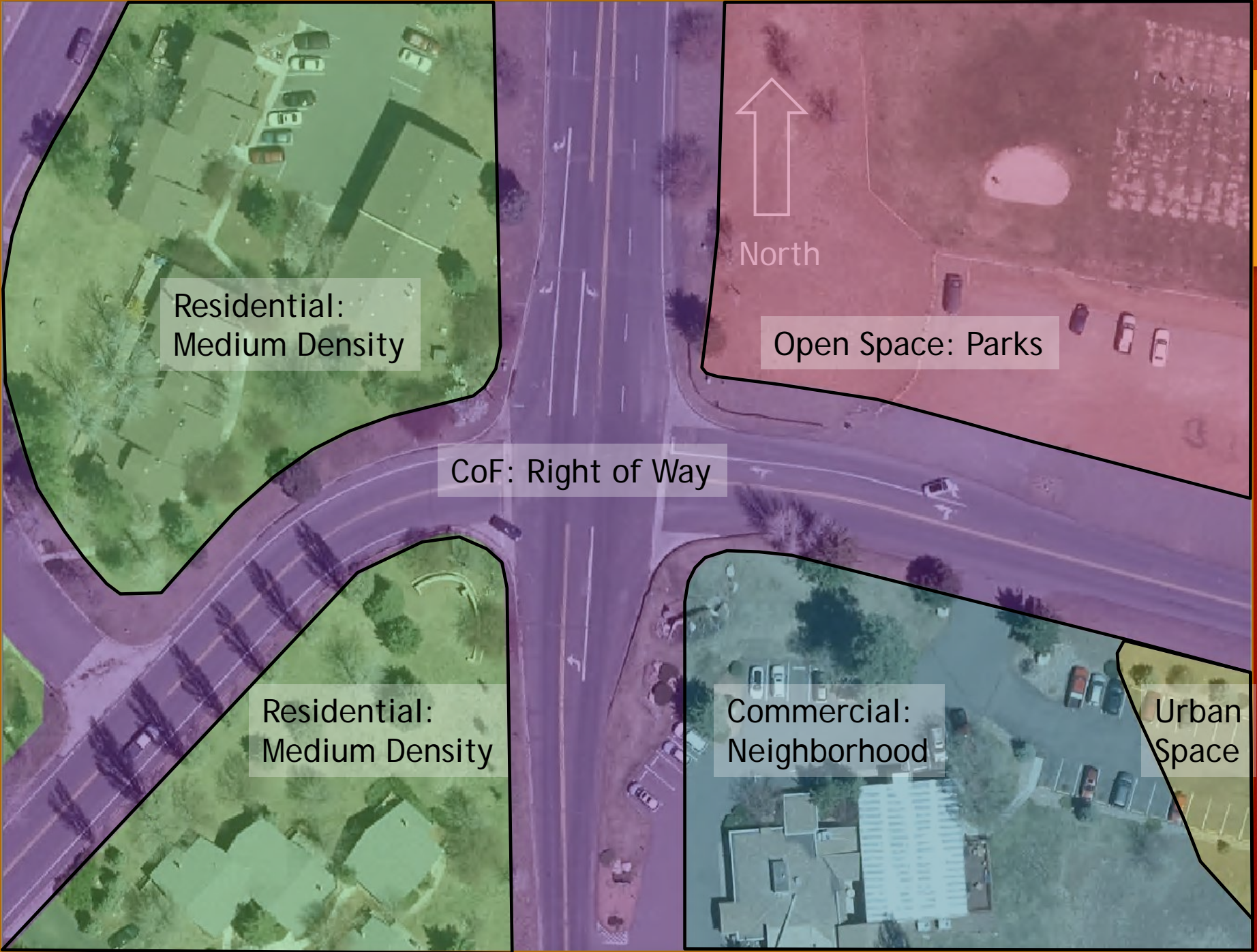
Table 4: Future Delay & LOS

Right-of-Way



[2]

Figure 5: City of Flagstaff Zoning Boundaries



Warrant Analysis

10

- Warrant 1 (8 Hour Vehicular Volume)
 - Not Met Due to Lack of Volume
- Warrant 2 (4 Hour Vehicular Volume)
 - Not Met Due to Lack of Volume
- Warrant 7 (Crash History)
 - Meets Crash Criteria but not Volume

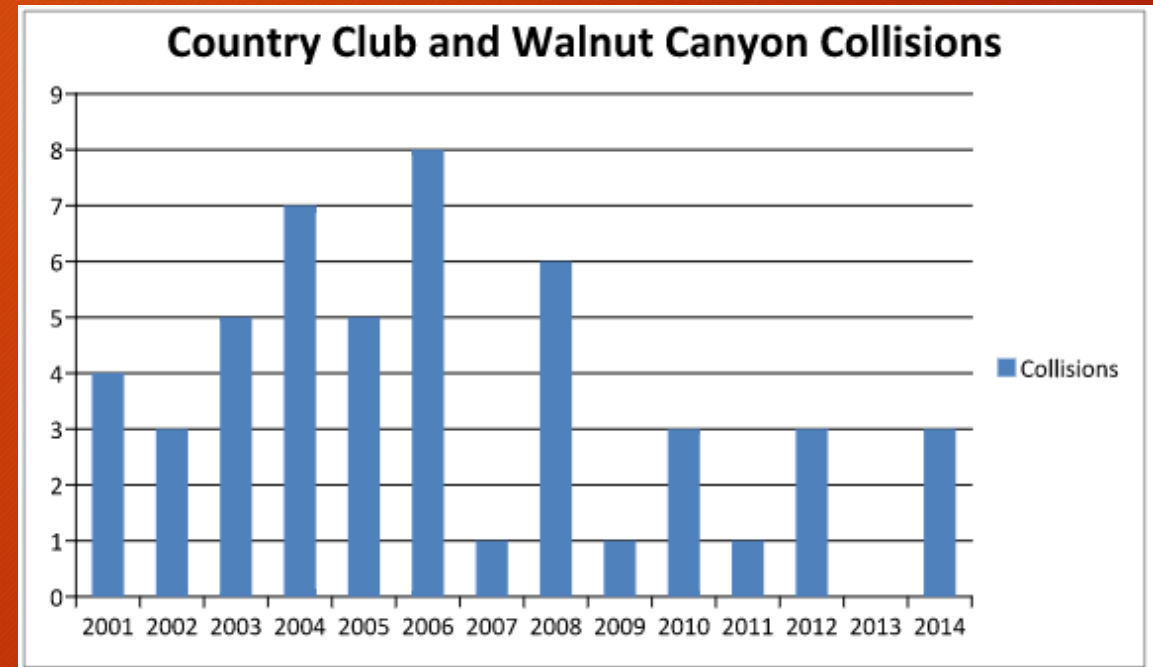


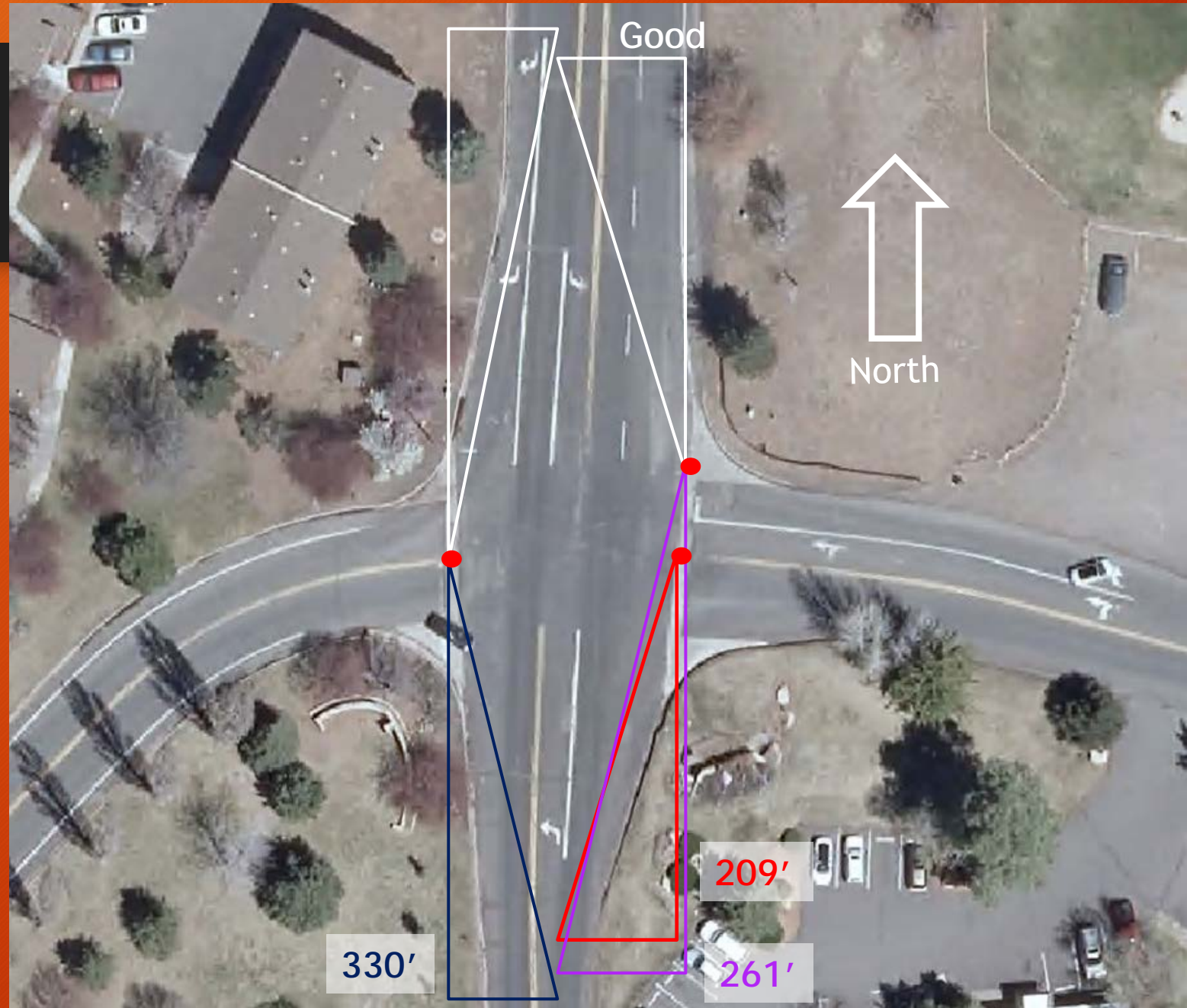
Figure 6: Crash Experience Statistics

Intersection Sight Distance

Per AASHTO Standards:

- 290' (80' Short)
- 290' (30' Short)
- 390' (60' Short)

Figure 7: Intersection Sight Distance



Signal Design Existing

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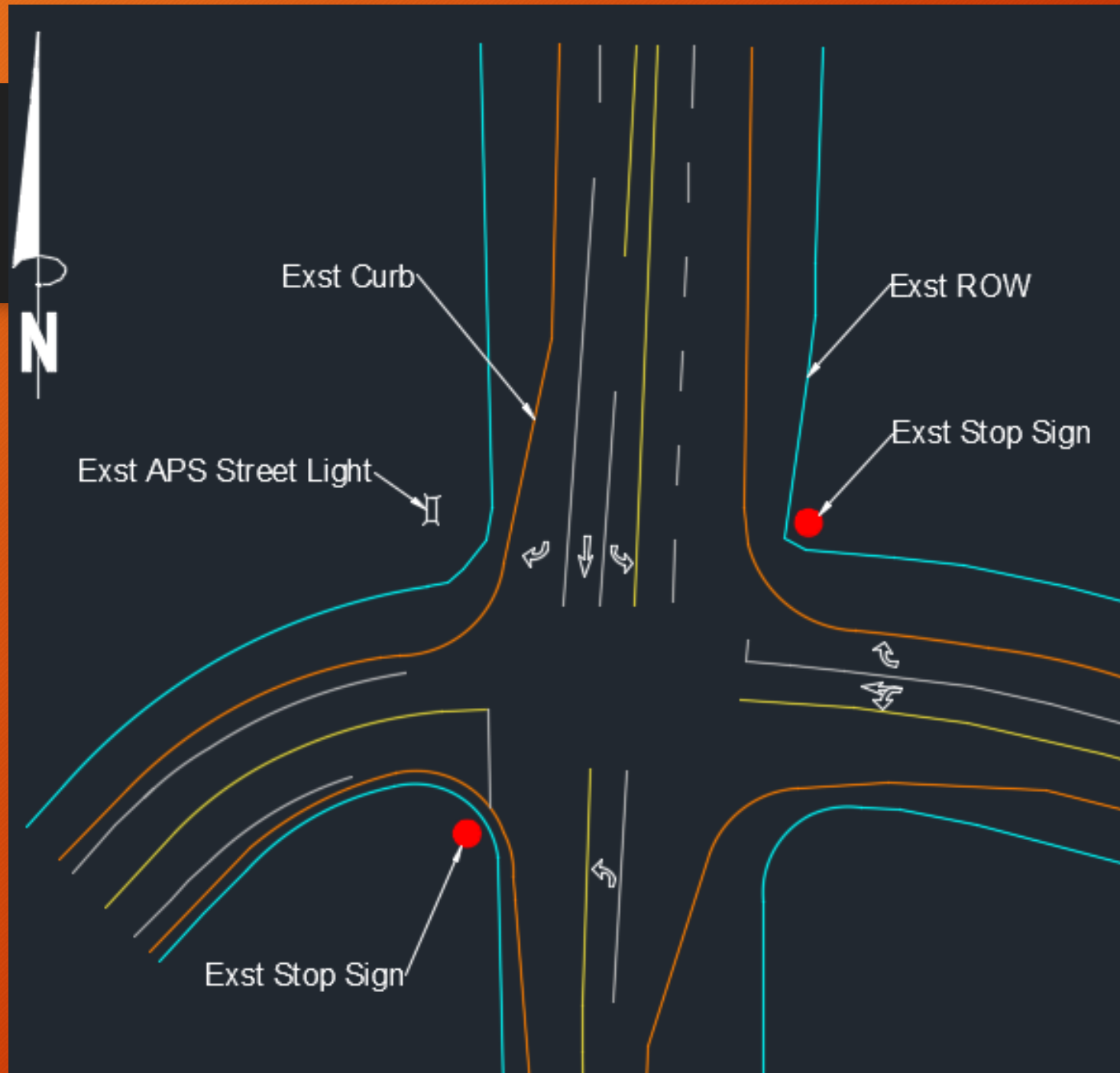


Figure 8:
Existing Layout

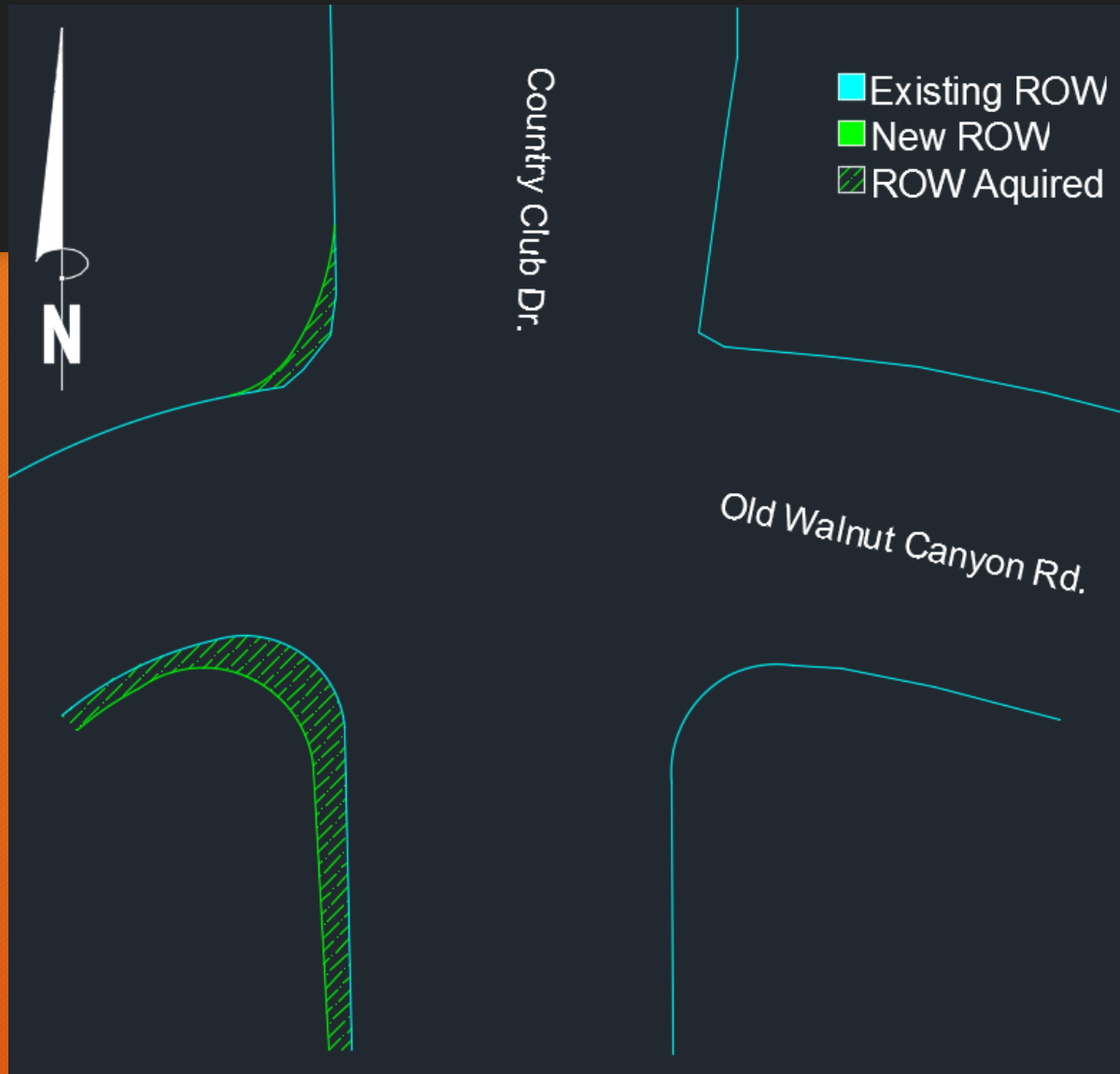


Figure 9: Right of Way Required

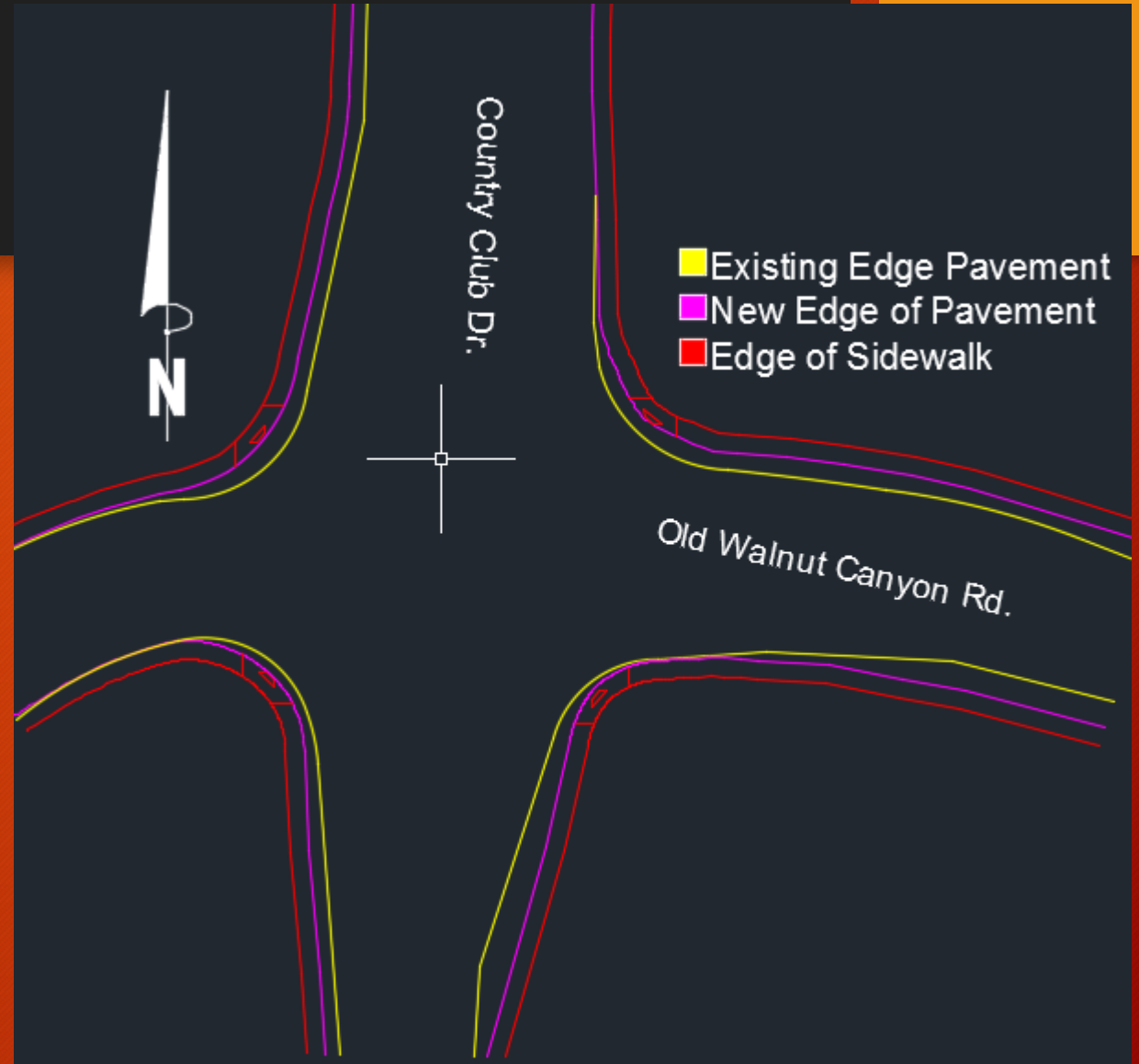


Figure 10: Edge of Pavement Detail

Striping and Signage

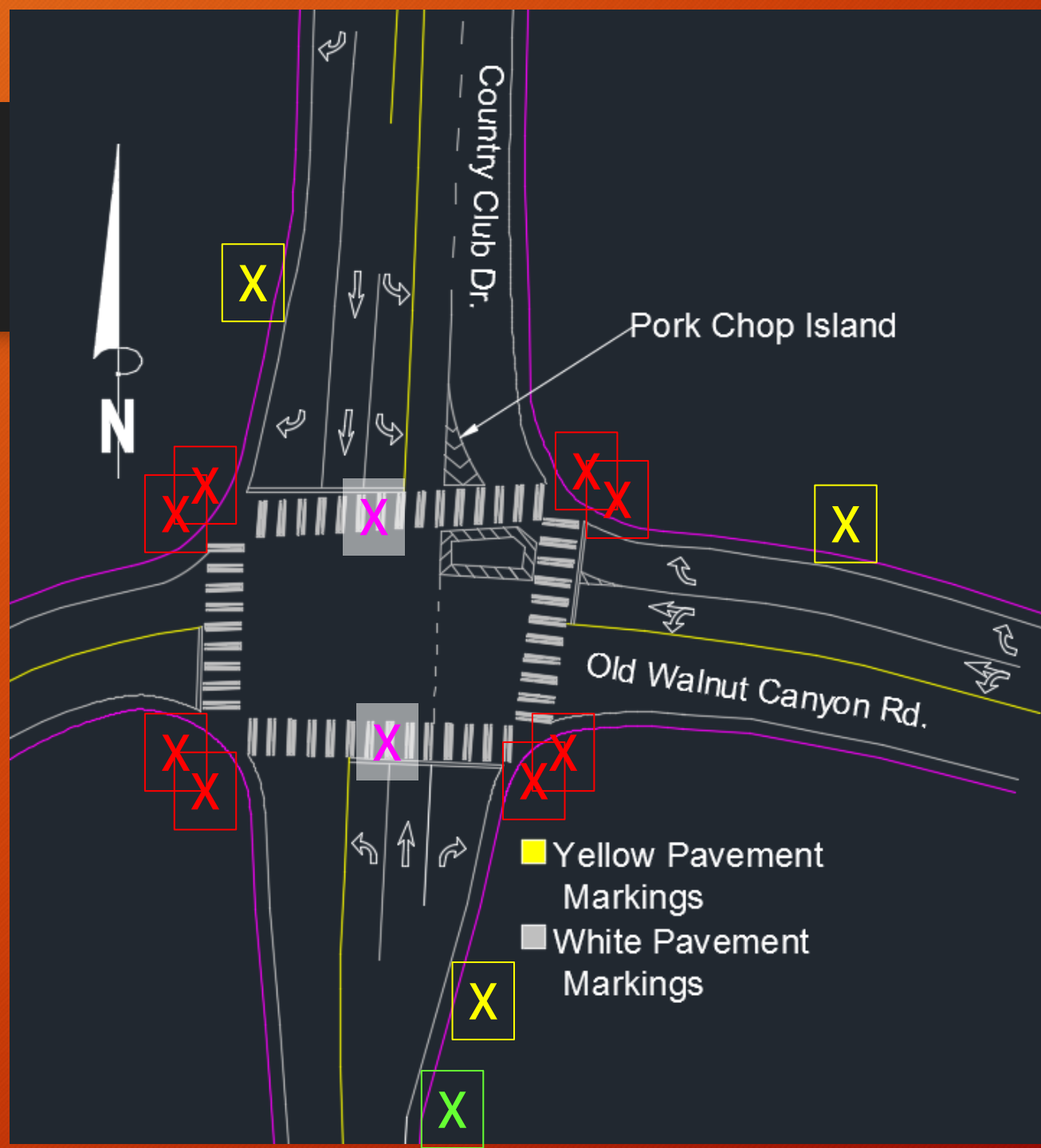


Figure 11: Signage Detail

Signal Heads

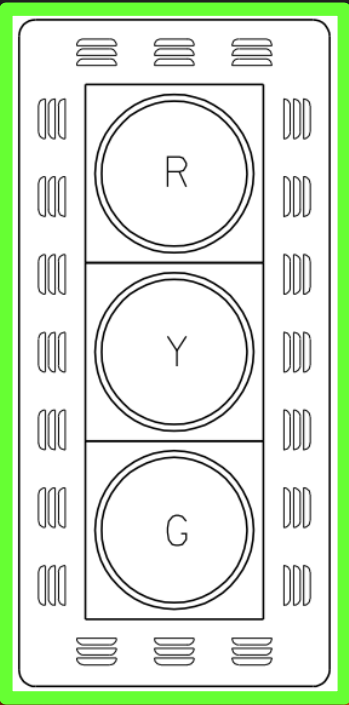


Figure 11: Type F Signal Head [5]

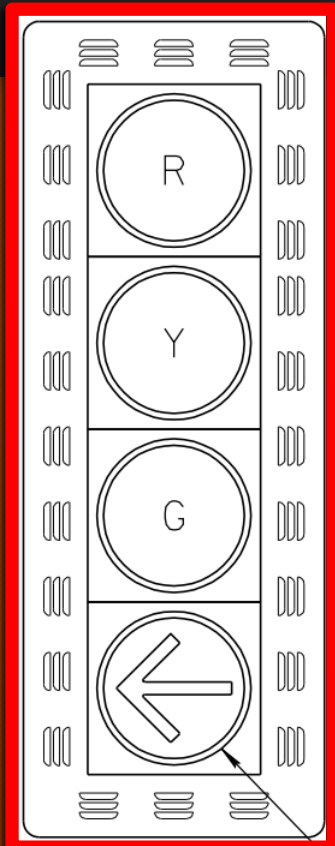
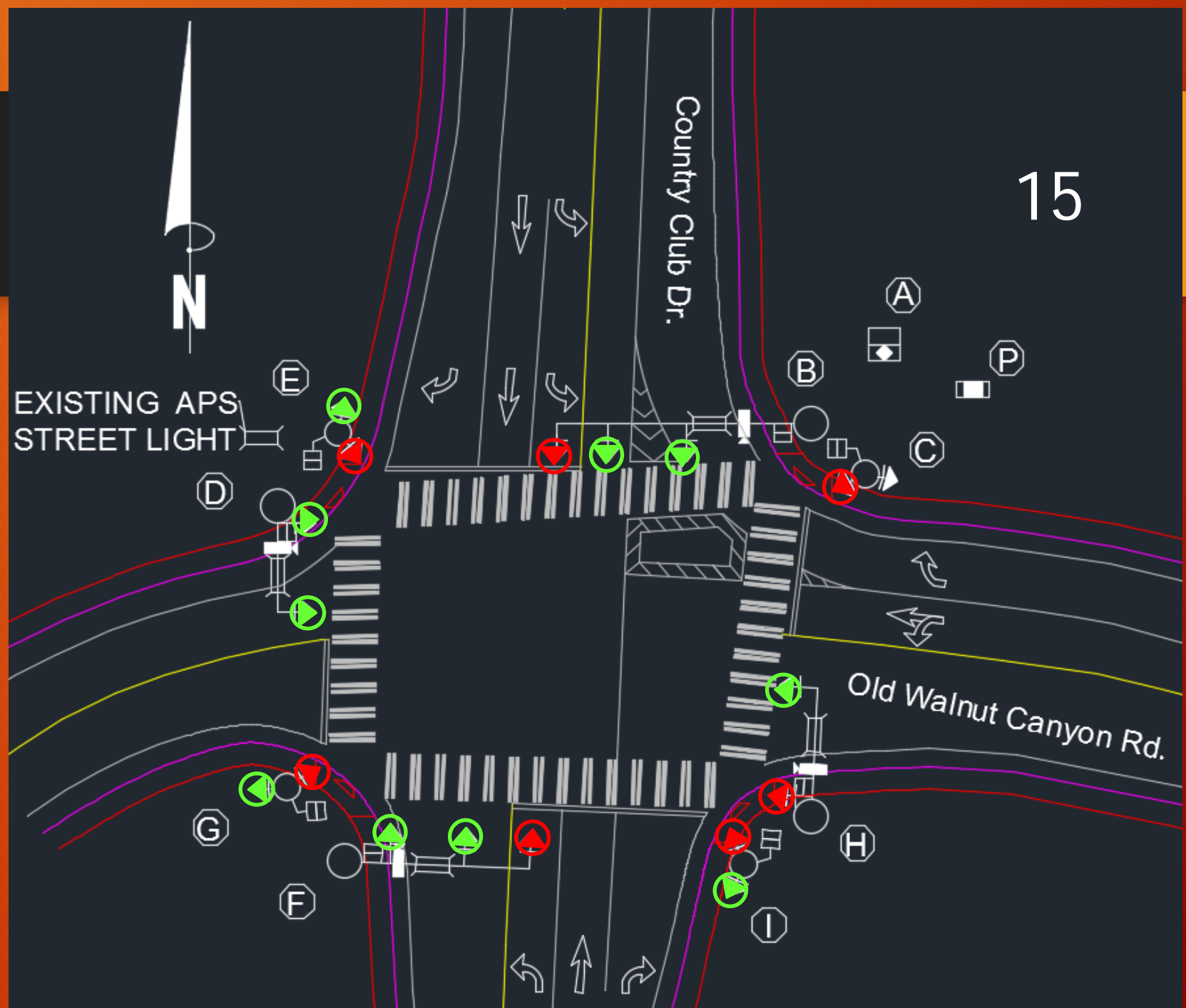


Figure 10: Type G Signal Head [5]

Figure 12: Signal Head Layout



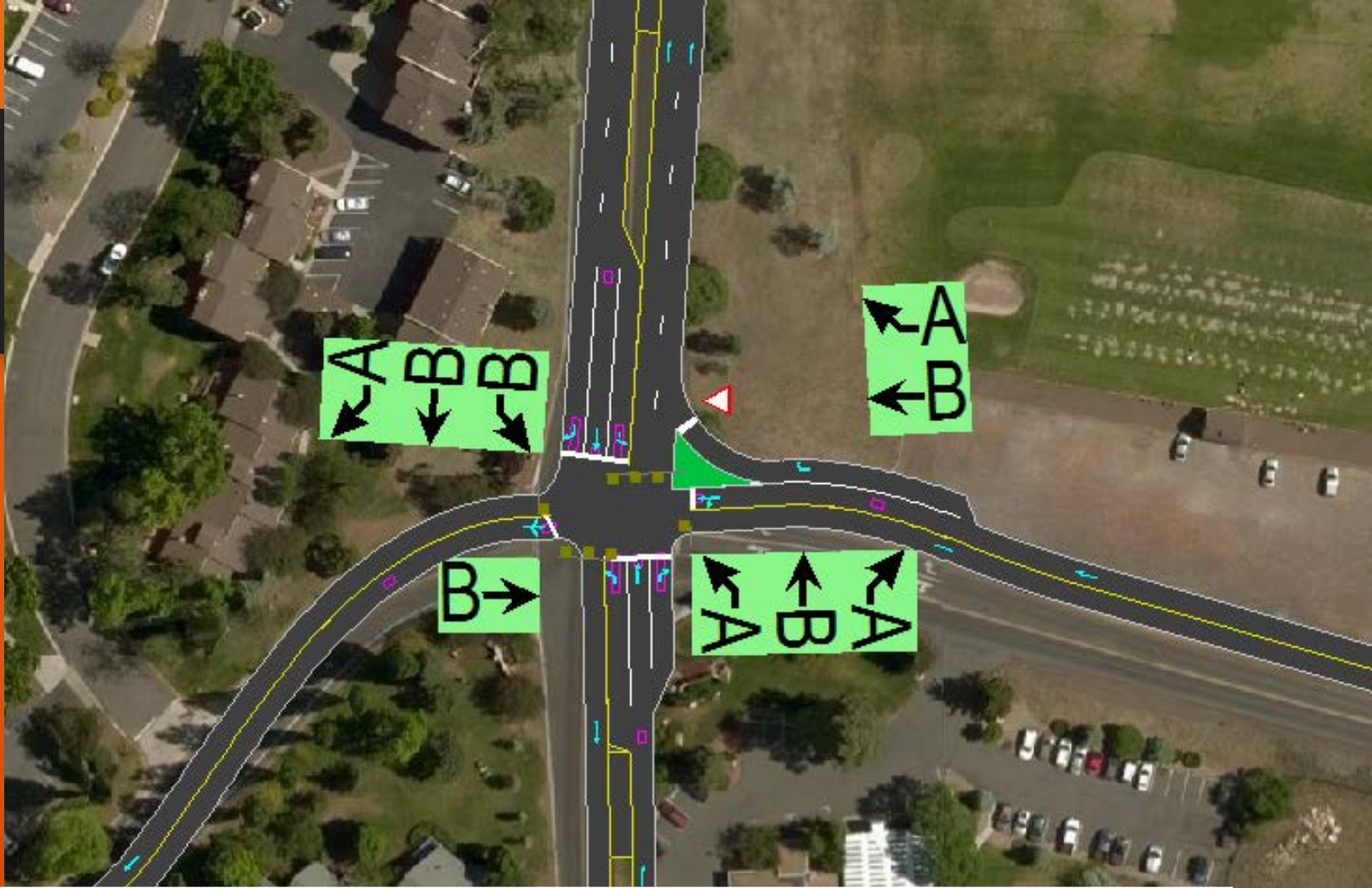


Table 5: INTERSECTION WITH TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPLEMENTED

STREET	OAKMONT DR			OLD WALNUT CANYON RD			COUNTRY CLUB DR					
DIRECTION	EBL↗	EBT→	EBR↘	WBL↙	WBT←	WBR↖	NBL↖	NBT↑	NBR↗	SBL↘	SBT↓	SBR↙
TRAFFIC VOLUME (VPH)	78	20	9	20	20	196	12	128	29	209	120	82
LEVEL OF SERVICE	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	B	A	B	B	A
TOTAL DELAY (S)	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.4	13.4	4.7	8.8	18	0.3	10.4	11.6	3.4

Signal-Construction Cost

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Description		Unit	QTY	Unit Price (\$)	Amount (\$)
Traffic control					
Remove Curb & Gutters	SIGN POST U-CHANNEL (STEEL)				
Obliterate Pavement (4" Equivalent Width)	W3-3 SIGN (30" X 36")				
Asphalt Rubber Material	STREET NAME SIGN				
Aggregate Base, Class II	4-10 Pole				
Sidewalk	4-19 Pole				
Sidewalk Ramp (10' Wide)	POLE FOUNDATION				
Pavement Marking	MAST ARM (20 FT.)				
Pavement Marking	CONTRACTOR TRANSPORT & INSTALL				
Pavement Symbols	MAST ARM (30 FT.)				
	CONTRACTOR TRANSPORT & INSTALL				
	MAST ARM (35 FT.)				
	CONTRACTOR TRANSPORT & INSTALL				
	MAST ARM (60 FT.)				
	CONTRACTOR TRANSPORT & INSTALL				
	ELECTRICAL CONDUIT (1/2")				
	ELECTRICAL CONDUIT (3/4")				
	ELECTRICAL CONDUIT (1")				
	CONTRACT ALLOWANCE				
	ALTERNATE NO. 1				
<u>Total Cost of Traffic Signal Construction</u>					\$233,960.00

Table 6: Signal

Signal-Team Schedule

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Task ID	Task	Expected Completion Date	Actual Completion Date
1.0	Preliminary Assessment	Sept. 19, 2015	Sept. 19, 2015
2.0	Data Collection		
2.1	Volume/Speed Counts	Sept. 28, 2015	Sept. 28, 2015
2.2	Turning Movement Counts	Oct. 14, 2015	Oct. 14, 2015
2.3	Stop Sign Delay Study	Feb. 2, 2016	Feb. 10, 2016
2.4	Sight Distance Study	Feb. 20, 2016	Feb. 20, 2016
3.0	Analysis		
3.1	Peak Hour Analysis	Oct. 14, 2015	Oct. 16, 2015
3.2	Determine LOS	Oct. 27, 2015	Feb. 5, 2016
3.2.1	Acquire As-Builts	Nov. 11, 2015	Feb. 2, 2016
3.2.2	Determine ROW	Dec. 10, 2015	Feb. 5, 2016
3.2.3	VISSIM/Synchro Existing	Feb. 26, 2016	Feb. 24, 2016
3.3	Crash Analysis	Jan. 26, 2016	Jan. 26, 2016
3.4	Vehicle Classification	Feb. 2, 2016	Feb. 2, 2016
3.5	Warrant Analysis	Feb. 25, 2016	Feb. 28, 2016

Task ID	Task	Expected Completion Date	Actual Completion Date
4.0	Design		
4.1	Signal Design		
4.1.1	Determine Signal Type	Mar. 9, 2016	Mar. 23, 2016
4.1.2	Determine Detection Method	Mar. 11, 2016	Apr. 6, 2016
4.1.3	Determine Signal Head	Mar. 11, 2016	Mar. 11, 2016
4.2	Geometry	Mar. 25, 2016	Apr. 13, 2016
4.3	Determine Grade	Apr. 4, 2016	April. 18, 2016
4.4	Determine LOS of Redesign	Apr. 8, 2016	Apr. 18, 2016
5.0	Cost Analysis		
5.1	Analysis of Bid History	Feb. 26, 2016	Feb. 15, 2016
5.2	Cost Estimate	Apr. 28, 2016	Apr. 18, 2016
6.0	Project Management		
6.1	50% Report	Mar. 10, 2016	Mar. 10, 2016
6.2	Final Report	May 12, 2016	Upcoming
6.2.1	100% Plan Set	Apr. 28, 2016	Upcoming
6.3	UGrads Presentation	Apr. 29, 2016	Apr. 29, 2016
6.3.1	Practice Presentation	Apr. 19, 2016	Apr. 19, 2016
6.4	Website	May 12, 2016	Upcoming

Table 7: Signal Team Schedule

Signal-Hours

19

Task ID	Task	Predicted	Actual
1.0	Preliminary Assessment	9	12
2.0	Data Collection		
2.1	Volume/Speed Counts	6	9
2.2	Turning Movement Counts	12	21.5
2.3	Stop Sign Delay Study	6	9
2.4	Sight Distance Study	0	2.25
3.0	Analysis		
3.1	Peak Hour Analysis	4	5
3.2	Determine LOS	4	5
3.2.1	Meeting with the COF	60	20
3.2.2	Acquire As-Builts	4	3
3.2.3	Determine ROW	4	10
3.2.4	VISSIM/Synchro Existing	10	7.5
3.3	Crash Analysis	10	6
3.4	Vehicle Classification	4	2
3.5	Warrant Analysis	6	10
4.0	Design		
4.1	Signal Design		
4.1.1	Determine Signal Type	6	8
4.1.2	Determine Detection Method	6	2
4.1.3	Determine Signal Head	2	4
4.1.4	Determine Signal Timing	10	2

Task ID	Task	Predicted	Actual
4.2	Geometry	0	17
4.3	Determine Grade	40	0
4.4	Determine LOS of Redesign	4	0
4.4.1	VISSIM/Synchro Redesign	10	12
5.0	Cost Analysis		
5.1	Analysis of Bid History	8	11
5.2	Cost Analysis	40	8
6.0	Project Management		
6.1	50% Report	30	24.5
6.1.1	50% Plan Set	90	31
6.2	Final Report	40	0
6.2.1	100% Plan Set	105	5
6.3	Meetings	0	28
6.4	Final Presentation	35	14
6.4.1	Practice Presentation	12	13
6.5	Website	24	8
6.6	Project Scheduling	0	14.5
	Subtotal	601	323

Table 8: Signal Team Hours

Benefits of the Signal Design

20

- Improve the safety of the intersection.
 - Maximum degree of control.
 - Improved safety for bicyclists and pedestrians.
- Reduce the delay time.
 - Ability to assign right of way to various traffic movements.
 - Orderly movement of conflicting flows.
 - Interrupts heavy flows on the major street to permit crossing of minor movements.
- Little ROW needed.

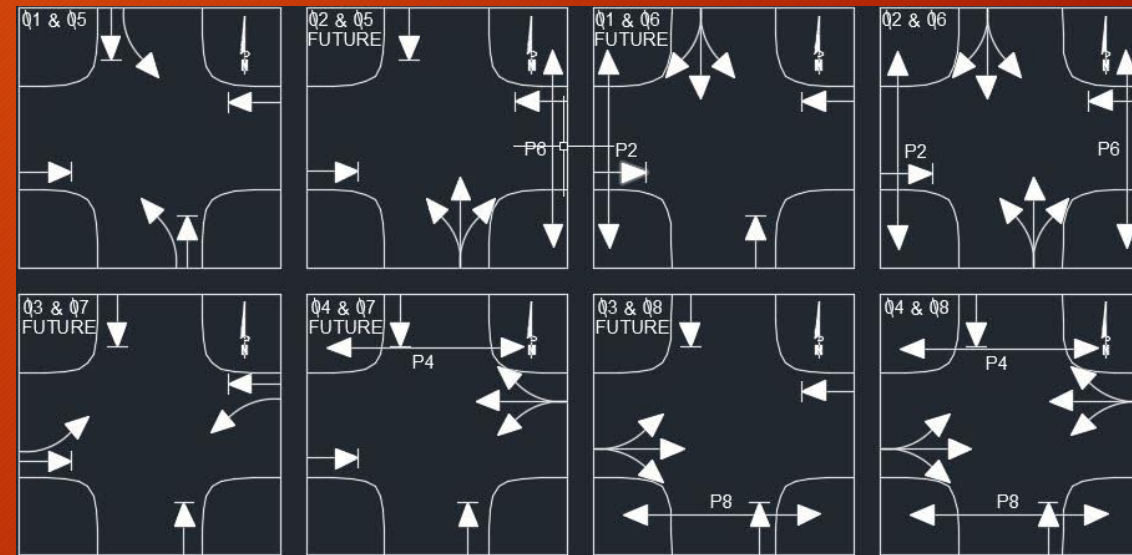


Figure 13: Proposed Phasing Diagram

Economic Impacts

- Lower upfront cost
- Improved delay

Societal Impacts

- Improved pedestrian travel
- Allows for future area growth

Safety Impacts

- Reduce high-impact collisions
- Improved travel for bicyclists

Roundabout: Existing Site

22

North Bound: 2 Lanes
Width - 60 ft
mph - 40 mph
West Bound: 2 Lanes
Width - 45 ft
mph - 25 mph
South Bound: 3 Lanes
Width - 42 ft
mph - 30 mph
East Bound: 1 Lanes
Width - 35 ft
mph - 25 mph



Figure 14: Existing Conditions

Roundabout Design Alternative

23

	Mini Roundabout	Singe Lane Roundabout
Entry Speed	15-20 MPH	20-25 MPH
Number of Approach Lanes	1	1
Inscribed Diameter	45 - 90 ft	90 - 180 ft

Table 9: Alternative Comparisons

Roundabout Design Alternative

24

Single Lane Roundabout

1st Provide slow entry speeds and consistent speeds through the roundabout by using deflection

Roundabout

Diameter 110 ft

Inner Island

Speed 20 mph

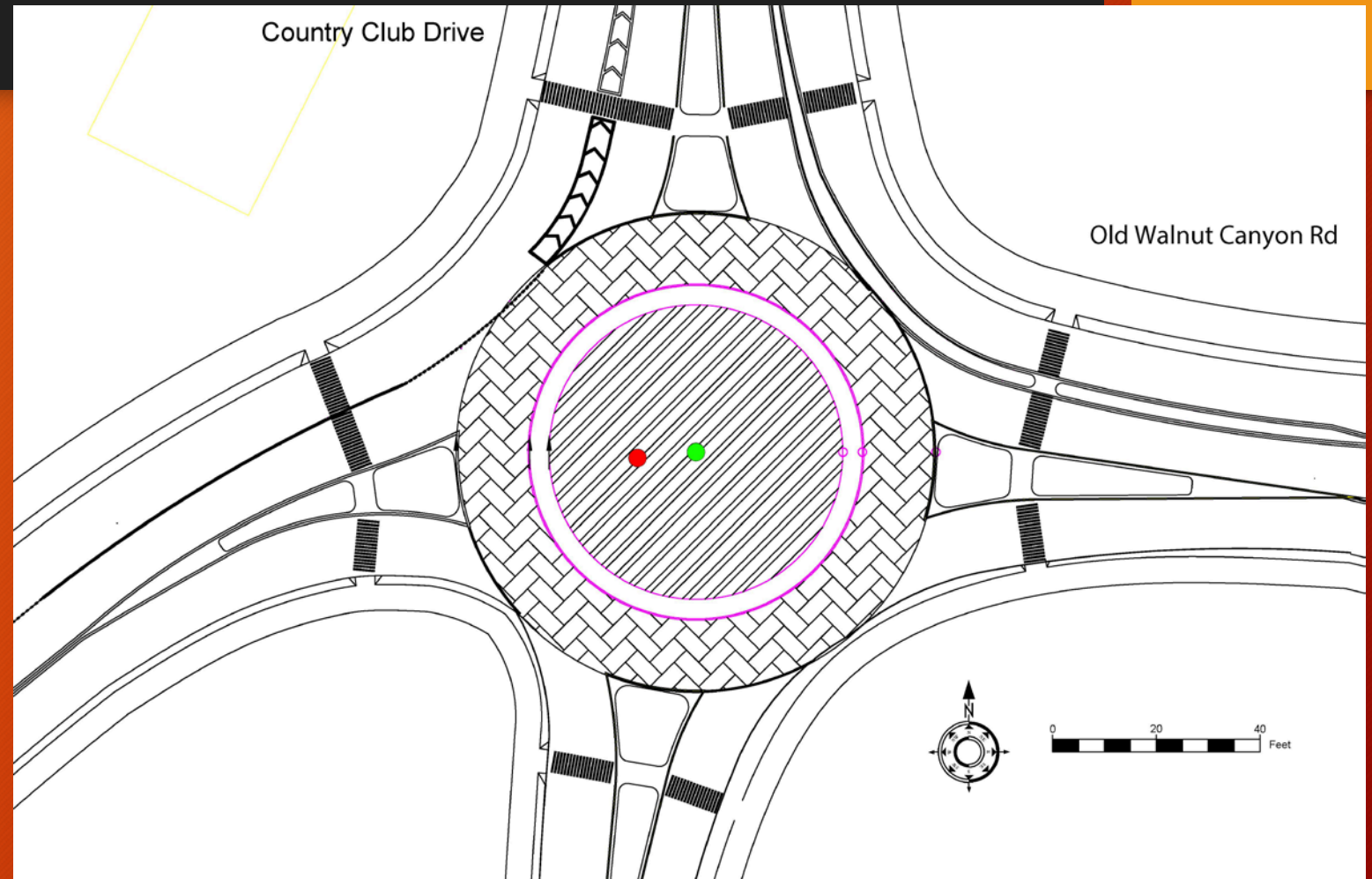


Figure 15: Roundabout-Inscribed Diameter

Roundabout Design Alternative

25

Single Lane Roundabout

2nd Provide the appropriate number of lanes and lane assignment to achieve adequate capacity, lane volume balance, and lane continuity

Roundabout

Right-turn only (WB)

Right-turn by pass (NB)

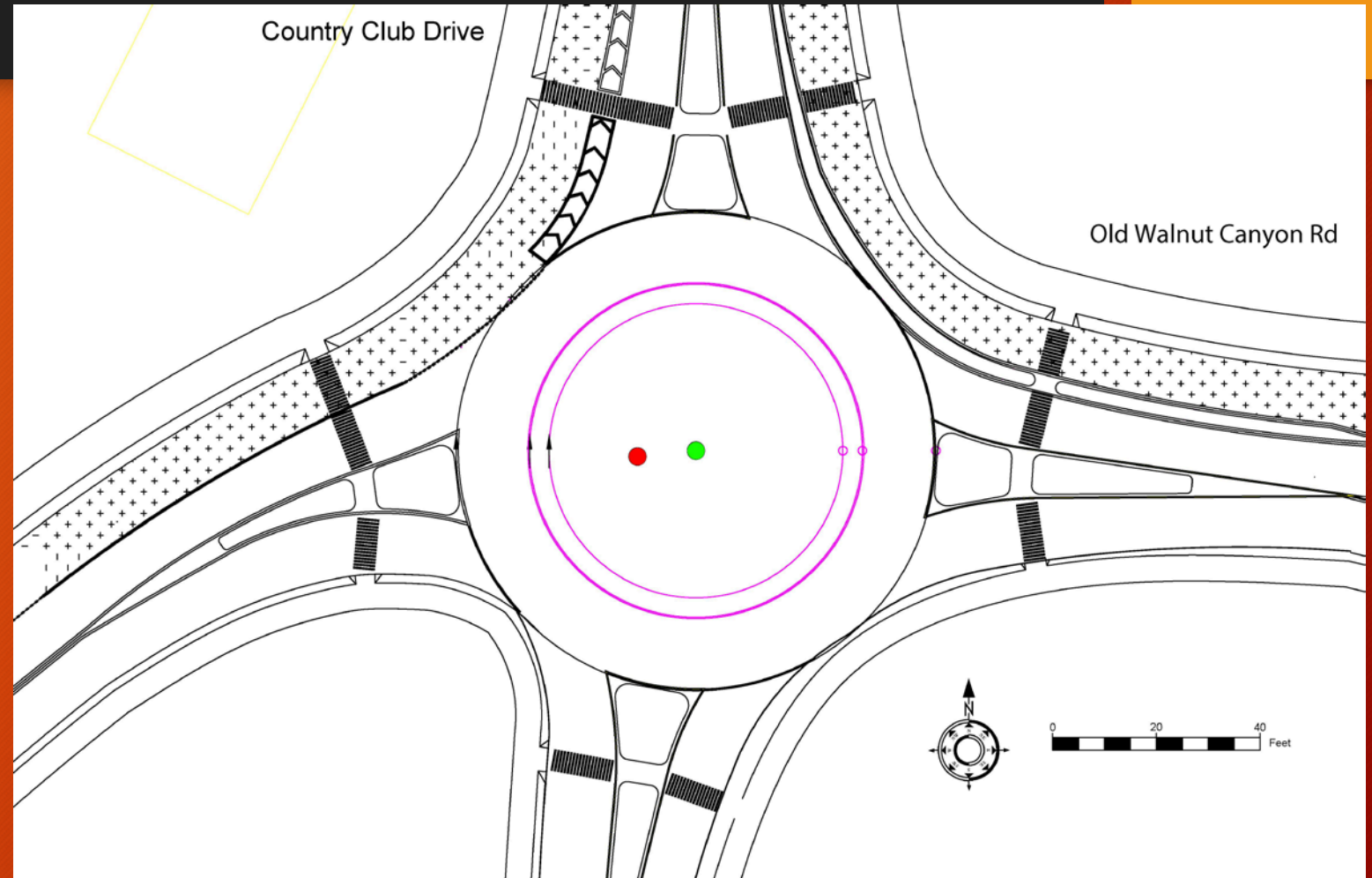


Figure 16: Roundabout-Right Turn Bypass

Roundabout Design Alternative

26

Single Lane Roundabout

3rd Provide smooth channelization that is intuitive to drivers and results in vehicles naturally using the intended lanes.

Roundabout
16 foot lanes
Splitter Islands

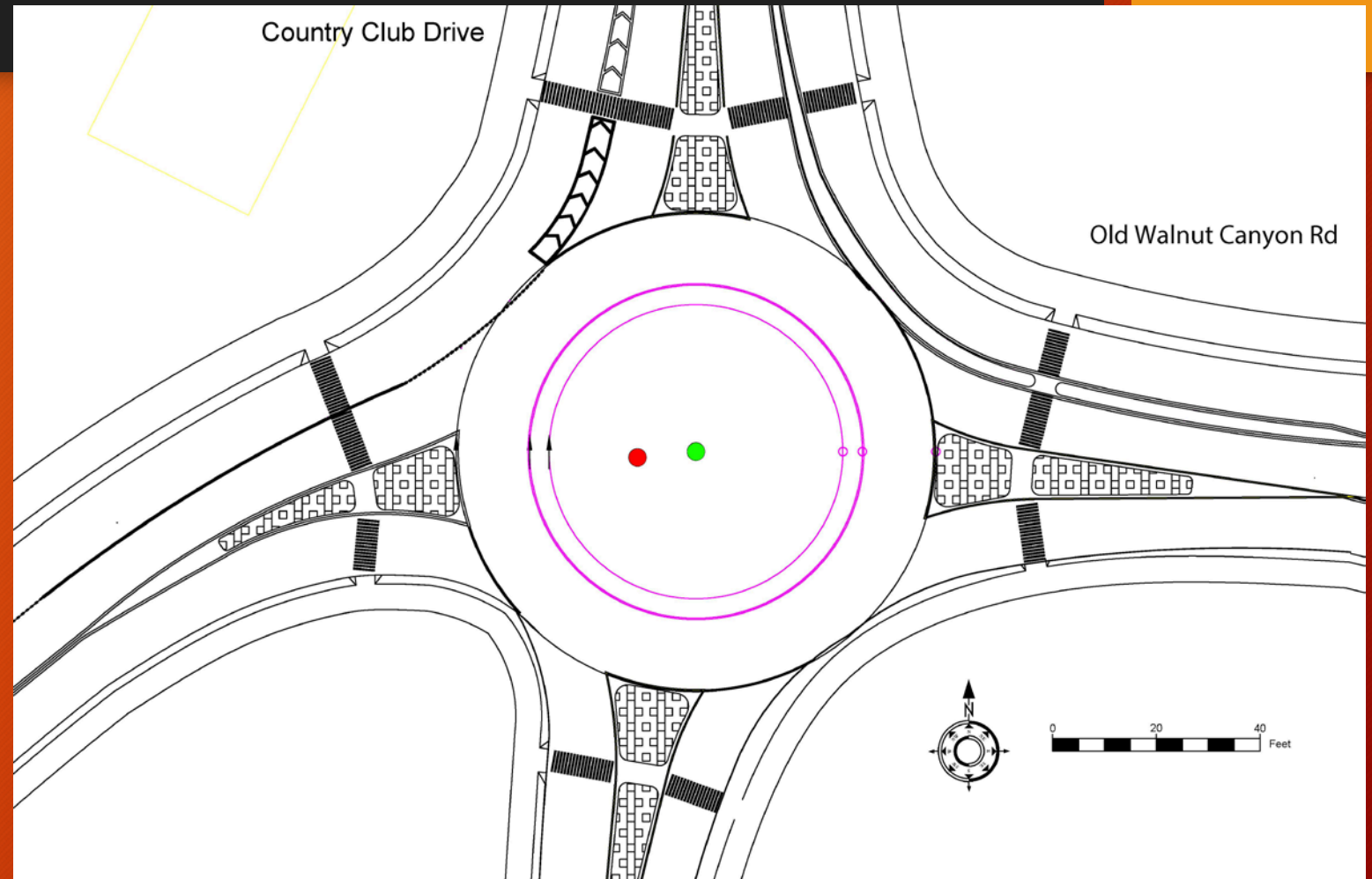


Figure 17: Roundabout- Island Splitters

Roundabout Design Alternative

27

Single Lane Roundabout

- 4th Provide adequate accommodation for the design vehicles.
- 5th Design to meet the needs of pedestrians and cyclists.

Roundabout

- 50 foot single truck trailer (Class 5)
- 9 foot sidewalks
- 2 foot Landscape Strip
- Raised Splitter Islands

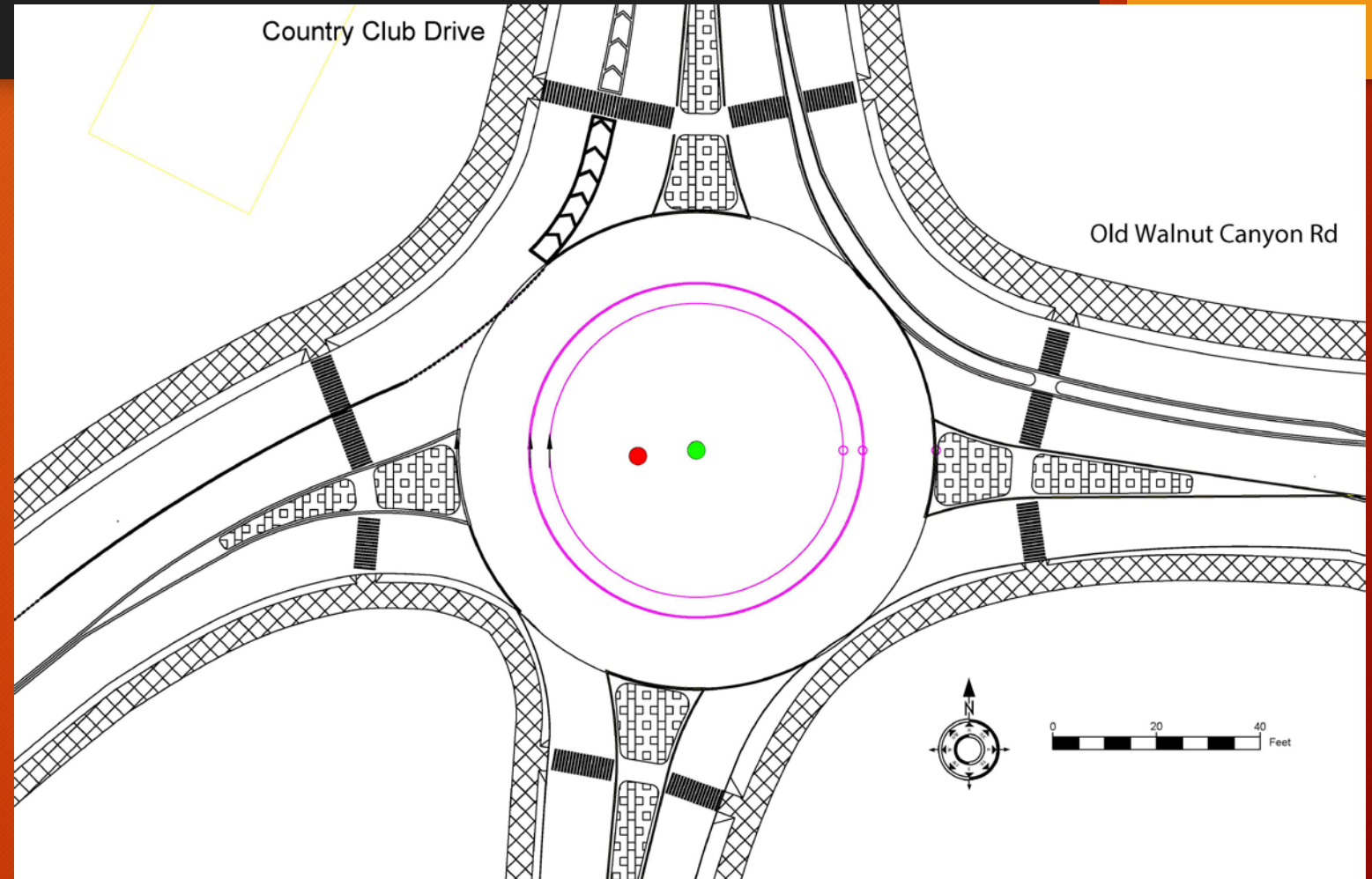


Figure 18: Roundabout- Pedestrian Considerations

Roundabout Design Alternative Cont. Signage

28

Circulation plaque: South and west bounds.

Keep right plaque: Installed at the splitter island.

One way sign: Middle of the roundabout.

Yield plaque: Installed at each approach leg.

Roundabout ahead: Placed on every approaching leg.

Reduce Speed: Installed on the Southbound and Northbound lanes

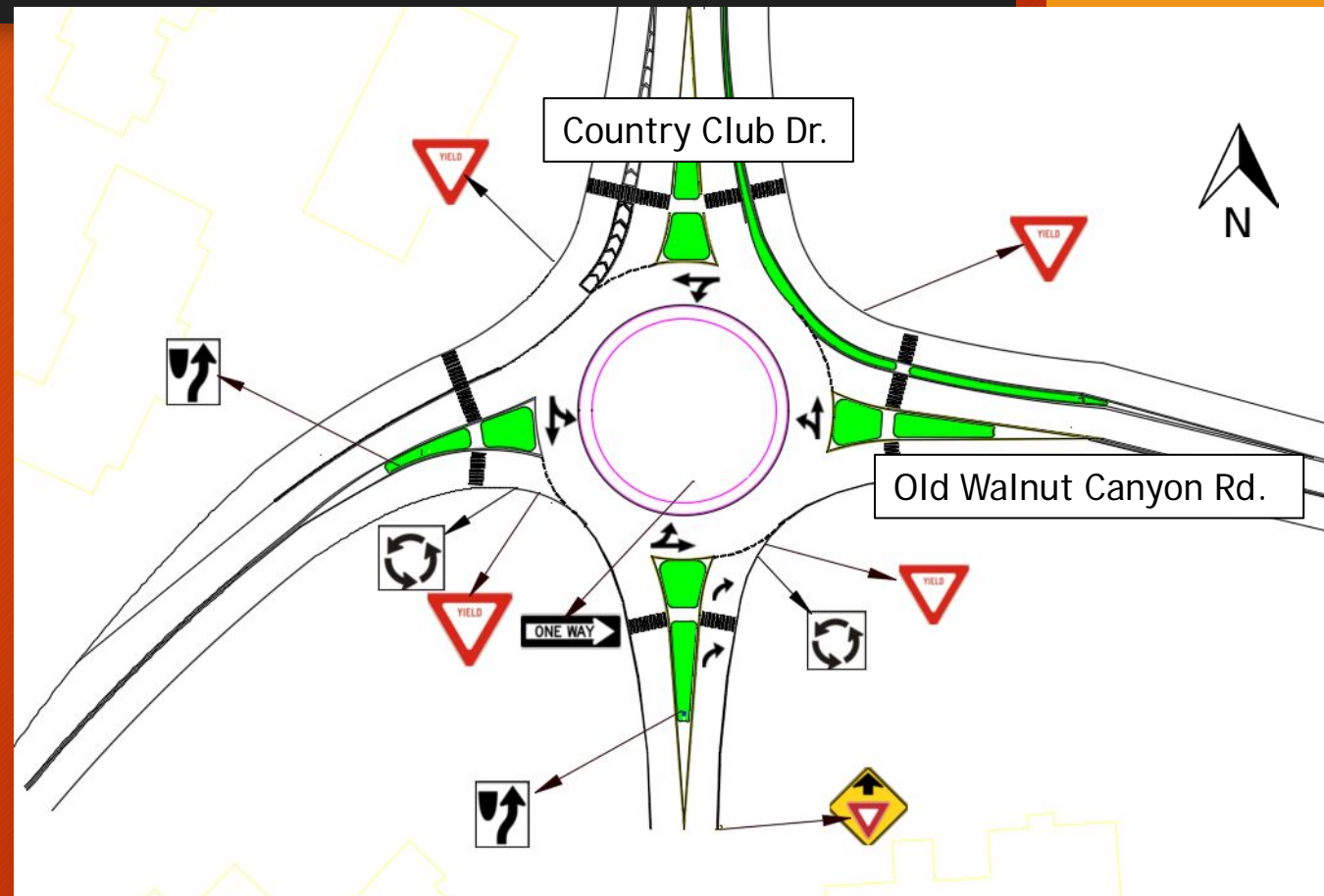


Figure 19: Roundabout- Signage Plan

Roundabout Design Alternative Cont. Striping

29

Dotted lines: Installed at entrances of roundabout.

Ground lane arrows: Normal arrows based on MUTCD.

Yellow Lines: A double yellow line will surround the splitter islands and divide approach lanes.

Pedestrian Crosswalk: Installed to go through every leg of the roundabout.

Bike Considerations: Accordance with MUTCD Manual bikes are not designed for in the roundabout.

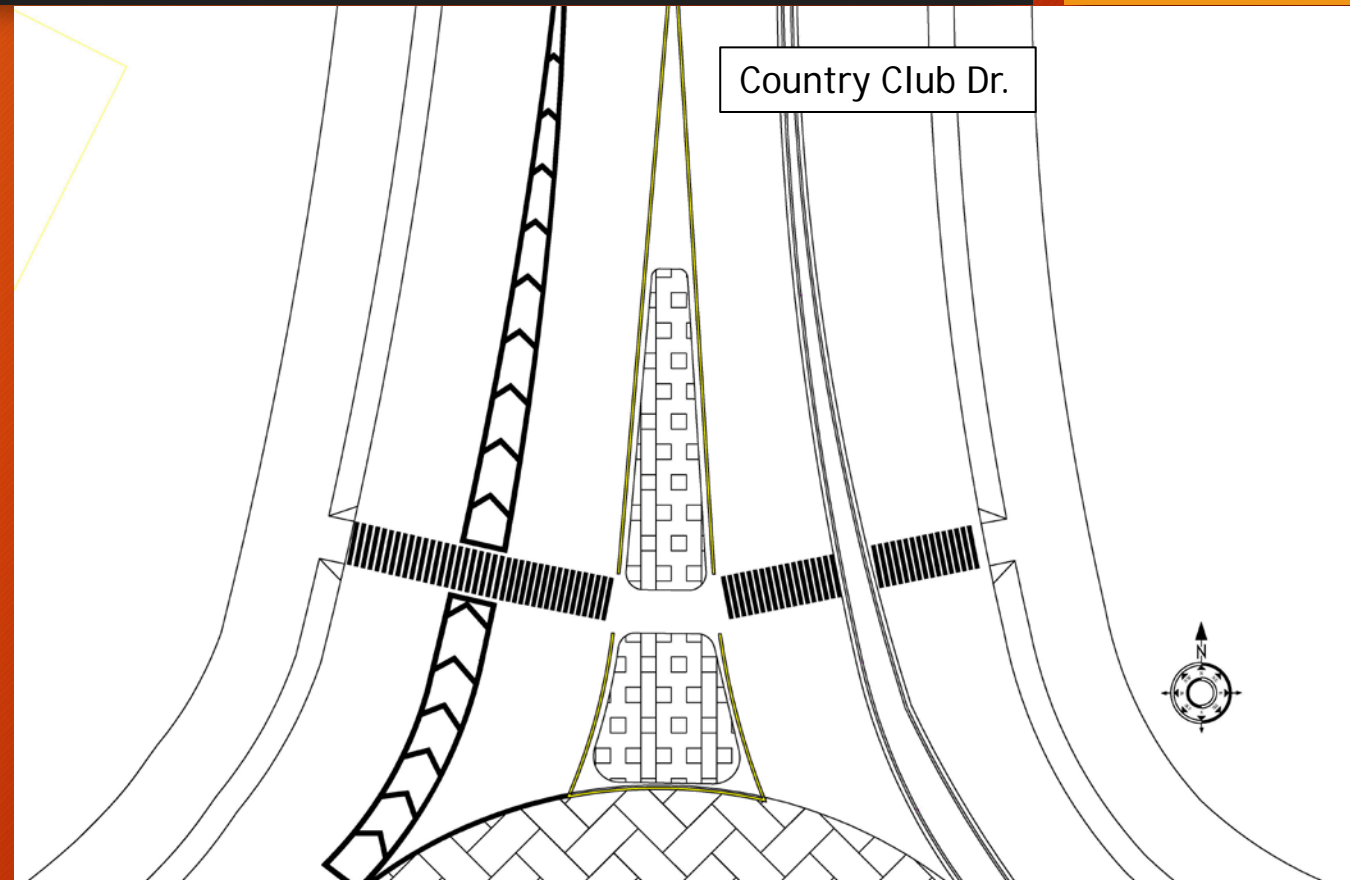


Figure 20: Roundabout- Striping Plan

Roundabout Design Alternative

30

Single Lane Roundabout

Diameter - 110 ft

Speeds - 20 mph

Splitter Island

Pedestrian cross walks

Entry Width and Circulatory
Roadway Width of 16 ft

Design Vehicle - large semi-trailer
(WB-50)

Center offset of 1.5 ft N / 13.5 ft E

Total right-away need from
surrounding parcels ~5,475 sqft

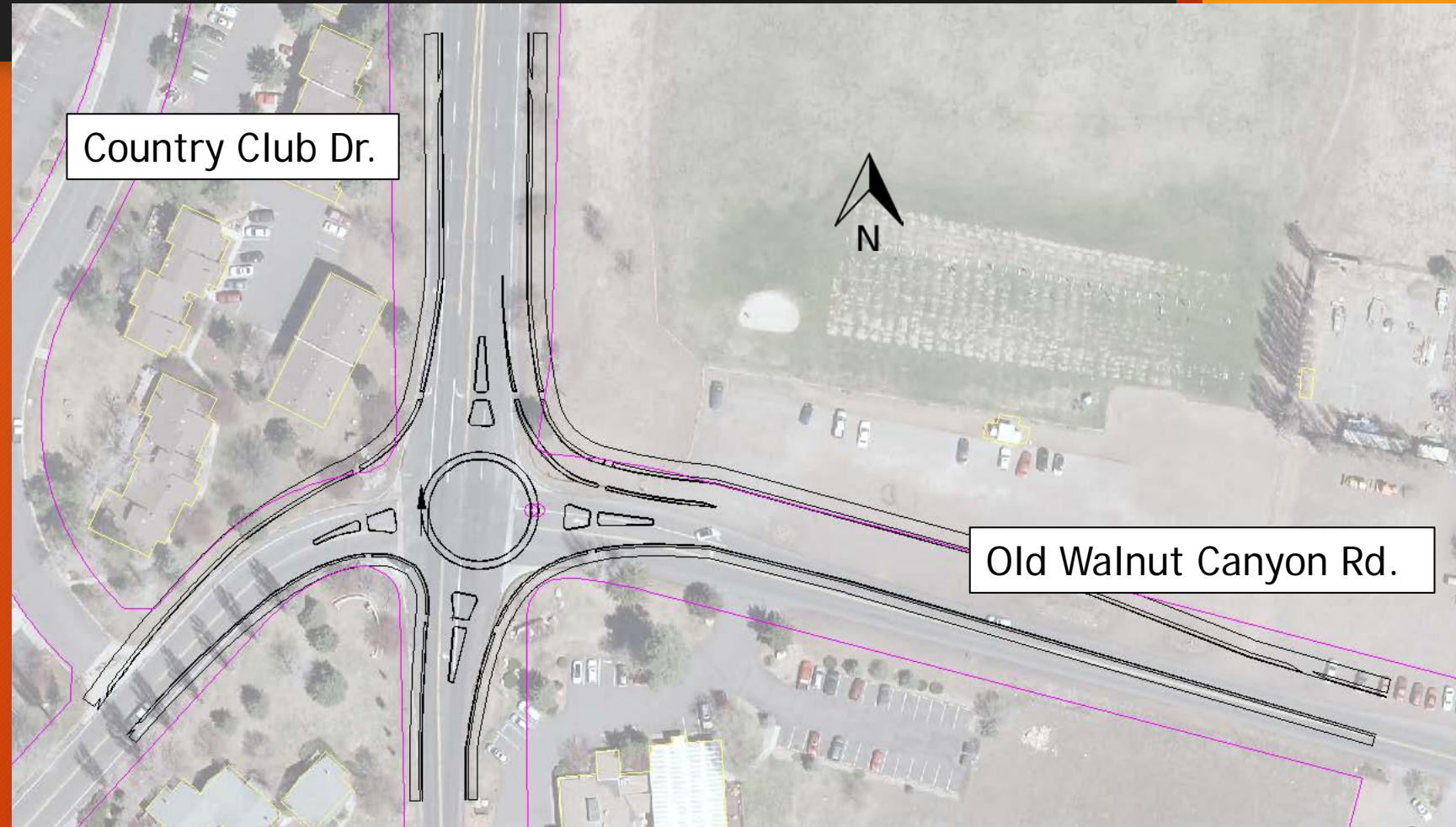


Figure 21: Roundabout- Over Existing Conditions

Roundabout-Construction Cost

31

Item Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Price	Total
Landscape Removal	ACRE	0.5	\$2,500.00	\$1,250.00
Removal of Concrete Curb and Gutter	FT.	336	\$15.00	\$5,040.00
Removal (Sign)	EACH	6	\$200.00	\$1,200.00
Roadway Excavation	CU. YD.	1203	\$20.00	\$24,060.00
Aggregate Base, Class 2	CU. YD.	800	\$105.00	\$84,000.00
Asphalt Concrete (Asphalt-Rubber)	Ton	110	\$40.00	\$4,400.00
Asphalt Rubber Material	Ton	10	\$650.00	\$6,500.00
Mineral Admixture	Ton	1	\$90.00	\$90.00
Slip Base (Perforated Post)	EACH	16	\$250.00	\$4,000.00
Sign Post (Perforated)	FT.	96	\$17.00	\$1,632.00
Warning, Marker, or Regulatory Sign Panel	SQ. FT.	96	\$35.00	\$3,360.00
Pavement Markings (White Thermoplastic)	FT.	3480	\$2.00	\$6,960.00
Pavement Markings (Yellow Thermoplastic)	FT.	1464	\$2.00	\$2,928.00
Pavement Symbol (Extruded Thermoplastic)	EACH	6	\$300.00	\$1,800.00
Paint Bull Nose	EACH	4	\$175.00	\$700.00
Seeing (Class II)	ACRE	1	\$4,500.00	\$4,500.00
Concrete Curb (C-05.10)(Type G)	FT.	960	\$23.00	\$22,080.00
Concrete Curb and Gutter (C-05.10)(Type G)	FT.	2280	\$27.00	\$61,560.00
Concrete Sidewalk (C-05.20)	SQ. FT.	7000	\$12.00	\$84,000.00
Concrete Sidewalk Ramp (C-05.30 Type B)	EACH	8	\$2,200.00	\$17,600.00
			Total	\$337,660.00

Table 10: Roundabout Construction Costs

*Overall total does not include labor

Roundabout Team-Schedule

32

Task ID	Task	Projected Completion Date	Actual Completion Date
1.0	Data Collection		
1.1	Site Evaluation	Thu 9/10/15	Thu 9/10/15
1.2	Topographic Survey	Mon 9/14/15	Tue 11/17/15
1.3	Client Meeting	Tue 11/3/15	Tue 11/3/15
2.0	Roadway Design Guidelines		
2.1	Research guidelines	Fri 4/29/16	Wed 4/27/16
3.0	Data Analysis		
3.1	Survey Data	Tue 11/3/15	Fri 1/29/16
3.2	Traffic Statistics	Tue 11/10/15	Mon 2/1/16
3.3	Level of Service: TWSC	Wed 11/18/15	Fri 3/11/16
3.4	LOS: Roundabout	Fri 3/4/16	Sat 4/2/16
4.0	Site Design		
4.1	Roundabout		
4.1.1	Geometry	Sun 2/21/16	Fri 4/15/16
4.1.2	Grading	Sun 2/21/16	Thur 4/14/16
4.1.3	Striping	Thu 3/11/16	Fri 3/11/16
4.1.4	Signage	Mon 3/11/16	Fri 3/11/16

Task ID	Tasks	Projected Completion Date	Actual Completion Date
4.2	Site Development		
4.2.1	Drainage	Fri 3/25/16	Fri 4/1/16
4.2.2	Landscaping	Wed 3/25/16	Fri 3/11/16
4.2.3	Pedestrian Consideration	Thu 3/25/16	Fri 3/11/16
5.0	Economics		
5.1	Construction Costs	Wed 4/1/16	Sun 4/17/16
5.2	Benefits	Fri 4/1/16	Sun 4/17/16
5.3	Impacts	Fri 4/1/16	Sun 4/17/16
6.0	Project Management		
6.1	Project Schedule	Thu 5/12/16	Thu 5/12/16
6.2	50% Design Report	Fri 3/11/16	Fri 3/11/16
6.3	Final Design Report	Thu 5/12/16	Thu 5/12/16
6.4	Final Presentation	Fri 4/29/16	Fri 4/29/16
6.5	Website	Thu 5/12/16	Thu 5/12/16

Table 11: Roundabout Schedule

Roundabout Team-Hours

33

	Tasks	Total Predicted	Total Actual
1	Data Collection		
1.1	Site Evaluation	4	8
1.2	Topographic Survey	16	14
2	Roadway Design Guidelines		
2.1	Research Guidelines	28	16
3	Data Analysis		
3.1	Survey Data	3	12
3.2	Traffic Statistics	24	6
3.3	LOS: TWSC	24	10
3.4	LOS: Roundabout	0	8
4	Site Design		
4.1	Roundabout		
4.1.1	Geometry	96	44
4.1.2	Grading	56	12
4.1.3	Striping	16	21
4.1.4	Signage	16	9

	Task	Total Predicted	Total Actual
4.2	Site Development		
4.2.1	Drainage	96	4
4.2.2	Landscaping	32	6
4.2.3	Pedestrian Considerations	48	9
5	Economics		
5.1	Construction Pricing	40	17
5.2	Benefits	16	12
5.3	Impacts	16	12
6	Project Management		
6.1	Project Schedule	40	16
6.2	50% Design Report	16	19
6.3	Final Report and Presentation	16	20
6.4	Website	80	22
6.5	Team Meetings	40	24
6.6	TA Meetings	20	4
	Total Hours	743	325

Table 12: Roundabout Hours

Benefits of the Roundabout Design

34

- Improve the safety of the intersection.
- 78.2% reduction in total number of crashes.
- 77.6% reduction in injury and fatal crashes.
- Safer for pedestrians compared to TWSC intersection.
- Reduce the delay time.

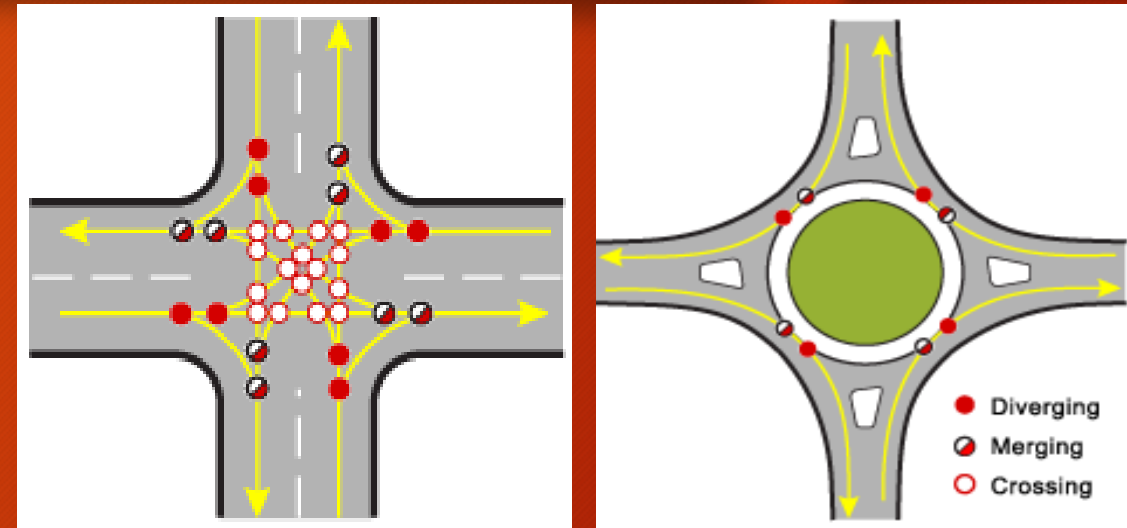


Figure 22: Conflict Point Comparison

	Current	Year 2035
Percent reduction in delay time	58%	81%

Table 13: Roundabout Delay Reduction

Impacts of the Roundabout Design

35

Environmental Impacts

- Less fuel consumption
- Improve air quality
- Noise reduction

Societal Impacts

- Change in traffic patterns confuses drivers
- Public education
- Construction time
- Signage during and after construction

Cost Impacts

- Ongoing operations and Maintenance

Design Comparison

Category:	Roundabout	Traffic Signal
Estimated Installation Cost:	\$338,000* <small>*Does not include construction</small>	\$234,000
Additional Right of Way Required:	5,475 Sq. Feet	1,443 Sq. Feet
Projected Level of Service for 2035:	LOS A	LOS B
Life Cycle Benefit-cost Ratio:	✓	✗
Reduced Collisions:	✓	✗
Bicyclist Safety:	✗	✓
Pedestrian Safety:	✗	✓

Table 14: Roundabout & Signal Comparison

Questions



References

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- [1] "Google Maps." *Google Maps*. Web. Oct. 2016.
- [2] "City of Flagstaff" *City of Flagstaff*. Web. 2016
- [3] "Nonneseter-Simulation in VISSIM" *Ramboll*. Web. 2013
- [4] *Golberg Osborne*. Web. Jan. 2016.
- [5] FHWA - MUTCD - 2003 Edition Revision 1 Chapter 4C
- [6] "Arizona Department of Transportation," Federal Highway Administration. [Online]. [Accessed March 2016].
- [7] "Signalized Intersections: Informational Guide." Chapter 4. Web. 19 Apr. 2016.



RoW Needed



Room for Oakmont Sidewalk

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Pork-chop Example (Beulah & Lake Mary)

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Signal Design Cont.

Signal Design Components

- 8-1 Type F Signal (5)
- 8-2 Type G Signal (6)
- 4-10 Pole (2)
- 4-19 Pole (2)
- 4-28 Mast Arm (2)
- 4-30 Mast Arm (2)
- 4-26 Light Mast (4)
- 3-2 Control Box (1)

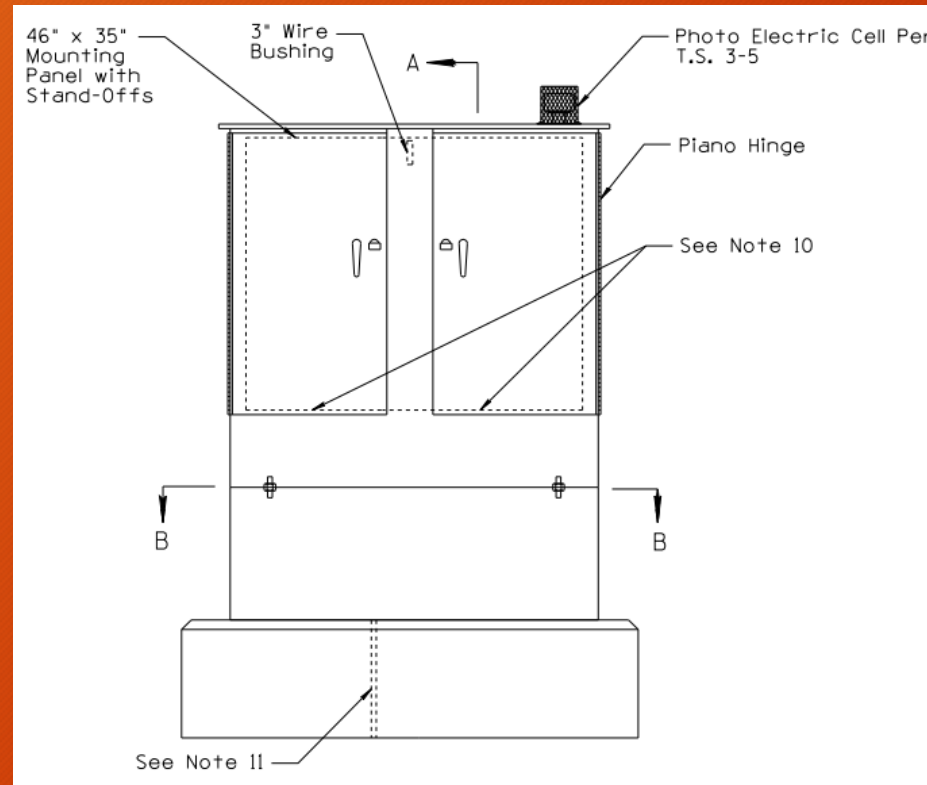


Figure 9: 3-2 Control Box [5]

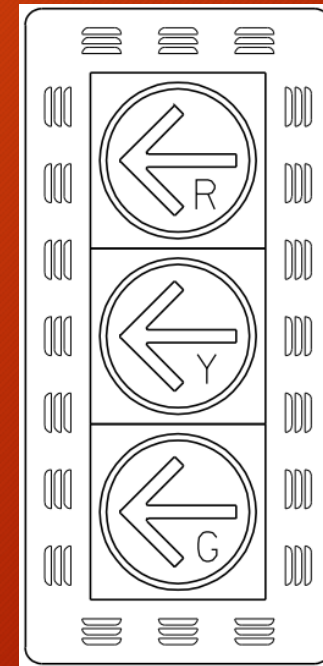


Figure 10: Type G Signal Head [5]

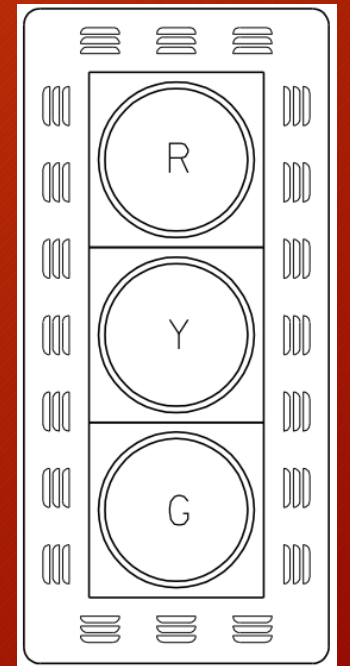


Figure 11: Type F Signal Head [5]

Warrants

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- Warrant 1-Eight-Hour Vehicular Volume
- Warrant 2-Four-Hour Vehicular Volume
- Warrant 3-Peak Hour
- Warrant 4-Pedestrian Volume
- Warrant 5-School Crossing
- Warrant 6-Coordinated Signal System
- Warrant 7-Crash Experience
- Warrant 8-Roadway Network
- Warrant 9-Intersection Near a Grade Crossing

Warrant 1 - 8 Hour Vehicular Volume

Table 5: Warrant 1 Condition A [5]

Table 4C-1. Warrant 1, Eight-Hour Vehicular Volume									
Condition A—Minimum Vehicular Volume									
Number of lanes for moving traffic on each approach		Vehicles per hour on major street (total of both approaches)				Vehicles per hour on higher-volume minor-street approach (one direction only)			
Major Street	Minor Street	100% ^a	80% ^b	70% ^c	56% ^d	100% ^a	80% ^b	70% ^c	56% ^d
1	1	500	400	350	280	150	120	105	84
2 or more	1	600	480	420	336	150	120	105	84
2 or more	2 or more	600	480	420	336	200	160	140	112
1	2 or more	500	400	350	280	200	160	140	112

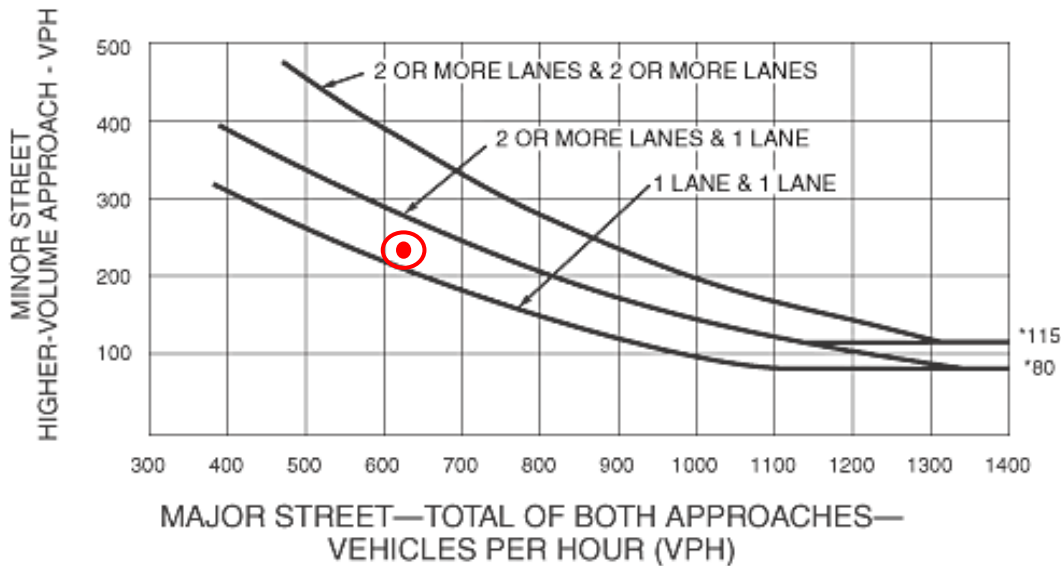
Table 4: 8 Hour Vehicular Volume Warrant

Time	Country Club Traffic Volumes	CC>600 vph	Old Walnut Volumes	Old Walnut>150 vph	Warrant
8:00	368	Not Met	202	Met	Not Met
18:00	361	Not Met	169	Met	Not Met
9:00	362	Not Met	165	Met	Not Met
17:00	411	Not Met	152	Met	Not Met
7:00	417	Not Met	144	Not Met	Not Met
11:00	328	Not Met	131	Not Met	Not Met
10:00	302	Not Met	127	Not Met	Not Met
14:00	301	Not Met	122	Not Met	Not Met

Warrant 2 - 4 Hour Vehicular Volume

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Figure 4C-1. Warrant 2, Four-Hour Vehicular Volume



*Note: 115 vph applies as the lower threshold volume for a minor-street approach with two or more lanes and 80 vph applies as the lower threshold volume for a minor-street approach with one lane.









Table 6: 4 Hour Vehicular Volume Warrant











Time	Country Club Traffic Volumes	Major Street	Old Walnut Traffic Volumes	Minor Street	Warrant
11:00	368	Not Met	202	Not Met	Not Met
16:00	361	Not Met	169	Not Met	Not Met
12:00	362	Not Met	165	Not Met	Not Met
14:00	411	Not Met	152	Not Met	Not Met

Figure 6: Warrant 2 [4]

Pole Schedule

TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYMBOLOGY LEGEND

-  TRAFFIC SIGNAL POLE W/LED LUMINAIRE
-  SIGNAL HEAD
-  PEDESTRIAL SIGNAL
-  METER PEDESTAL/UPS CABINET
-  CONTROLLER CABINET
-  VIDEO DETECTION CAMERA
-  NO. 7 PULL BOX
-  NO. 5 PULL BOX

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CONTROLLER							REMARKS	LOCATION
CABINET	TYPE	CONTROLLER	AUX. CONTROL					
(A) 	M WELEV. BASE ECONOLITE TS-2, TYPE 1	ECONOLITE ASC 3-2100	ADD PEC AND CONTACTOR TO CONTROL LPS LIGHTING		ADD RTC MODEL TR-4 GPS TIME SOURCE WITH ANTENNA		TO BE FIELD LOCATED BY CITY TS INSPECTOR, BEHIND FUTURE SIDEWALK	
(P) 	COMBINATION METER/UPS PEDESTAL	MEUG-UPS-M100-AZ (DWG #628321)	UPS SYSTEM IN MEUG PEDESTAL WITH 92 Ah BATTERIES		LIGHTING & TRAFFIC SIGNALS ON SINGLE METERED SERVICE		TO BE FIELD LOCATED BY CITY TS INSPECTOR, BEHIND FUTURE SIDEWALK	
POLE		MAST ARM		SIGNALS		P.B. SIGN	REMARKS	LOCATION
	TYPE	SIG.	LUM.	MTG	FACE			
(B) 	W	80'	20'	3-II V ADA P.B.	G,F F M/H	T.S. 11-4 RIO-4B (L)	240V LED LUMINAIRE W/PEC VIDEO DETECTION ON SL MAST ARM	TO BE FIELD LOCATED BY CITY TS INSPECTOR, BEHIND FUTURE SIDEWALK
(C) 	A 10'			VI V ADA P.B.	R,G M/H	T.S. 11-4 RIO-4B (R)		TO BE FIELD LOCATED BY CITY TS INSPECTOR, BEHIND FUTURE SIDEWALK
(D) 	F	20'	20'	VI ADA P.B.	F,G M/H	T.S. 11-4 RIO-4B (L)	240V LED LUMINAIRE W/PEC VIDEO DETECTION ON SL MAST ARM	TO BE FIELD LOCATED BY CITY TS INSPECTOR, BEHIND FUTURE SIDEWALK
(E) 	A 10'			VI V ADA P.B.	G,F M/H	T.S. 11-4 RIO-4B (R)		TO BE FIELD LOCATED BY CITY TS INSPECTOR, BEHIND FUTURE SIDEWALK
(F) 	Q	40'	20'	3-II V ADA P.B.	G,F F M/H	T.S. 11-4 RIO-4B (L)	240V LED LUMINAIRE W/PEC VIDEO DETECTION ON SL MAST ARM	TO BE FIELD LOCATED BY CITY TS INSPECTOR, BEHIND FUTURE SIDEWALK
(G) 	A 10'			VI V ADA P.B.	F,F M/H	T.S. 11-4 RIO-4B (R)		TO BE FIELD LOCATED BY CITY TS INSPECTOR, BEHIND FUTURE SIDEWALK
(H) 	Q	25'	20'	VI ADA P.B.	F,F M/H	T.S. 11-4 RIO-4B (L)	240V LED LUMINAIRE W/PEC VIDEO DETECTION ON SL MAST ARM	TO BE FIELD LOCATED BY CITY TS INSPECTOR, BEHIND FUTURE SIDEWALK
(I) 	A 10'			VI V ADA P.B.	G,F M/H	T.S. 11-4 RIO-4B (R)		TO BE FIELD LOCATED BY CITY TS INSPECTOR, BEHIND FUTURE SIDEWALK

**CITY OF FLAGSTAFF
TRAFFIC SIGNAL TIMING CARD**

LOCATION: Country Club & Old Walnut SIGNAL NUMBER: XXX

DATE: 4/27/2016

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Signal Time Card

PHASE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
MOVEMENT	EBLT	WB	SBLT	NB	WBLT	EB	NBLT	SB
FLASH	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
START-UP		R				R		
MIN. GREEN	5	10	5	10	5	10	5	10
PASSAGE TIME (EXT)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
MAX 1	20	20	15	30	15	20	35	40
MAX 2								
MAX 3								
YELLOW	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.6	4.0
RED CLEARANCE	1.0	2.8	1.0	1.6	1.0	2.8	1.0	1.6
WALK		4		4		4		4
PED CLEARANCE		31		22		28		20
RECALL MODE								
CNA I								
CNA II								
DUAL ENTRY		ON		ON		ON		ON
DETECTOR MEMORY								
DETECTOR ASSIGNMENT								
LOOP/CAMERA DELAY								
LOOP/CAMERA EXTEND								
CONTROLLER DELAY								
CONTROLLER EXTEND								
BACK UP PROTECT		NO		NO		NO		NO
LEFT TURN OPERATION				FYA Lag				FYA Lag

Flash Start-up timing: 0 seconds

All Red Start-up timing: 6 seconds

Coordination: none

Intersection Notes: Lagging Flashing Yellow Arrow left turns for NB and SB, Video detection all phases

LOS Comparison

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INTERSECTION WITH TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPLEMENTED												
STREET	OAKMONT DR			OLD WALNUT CANYON RD			COUNTRY CLUB DR					
DIRECTION	EBL↗	EBT→	EBR↘	WBL↙	WBT←	WBR↖	NBL↖	NBT↑	NBR↗	SBL↘	SBT↓	SBR↙
TRAFFIC VOLUME (VPH)	78	20	9	20	20	196	12	128	29	209	120	82
LEVEL OF SERVICE	B	B	B	B	B	A	A	B	A	A	B	A
TOTAL DELAY (S)	15.3	15.3	15.3	13.4	13.4	4.7	8.8	18	0.3	10.4	11.6	3.4
INTERSECTION WITHOUT TRAFFIC SIGNAL IMPLEMENTED												
STREET	OAKMONT DR			OLD WALNUT CANYON RD			COUNTRY CLUB DR					
DIRECTION	EBL↗	EBT→	EBR↘	WBL↙	WBT←	WBR↖	NBL↖	NBT↑	NBR↗	SBL↘	SBT↓	SBR↙
TRAFFIC VOLUME (VPH)	78	20	9	20	20	196	12	128	29	209	120	82
LEVEL OF SERVICE	F	F	F	C	C	B	A	A	A	A	A	A
TOTAL DELAY (S)	62.7	62.7	62.7	22.6	22.6	10.3	7.7	0	0	14	0	0