



## Structural Calculations

### Gross Concrete Section Properties

$$A1 := b1 \cdot h1 = 25 \cdot \text{in}^2$$

$$A2 := b2 \cdot h2 = 35 \cdot \text{in}^2$$

$$A3 := b3 \cdot h3 = 25 \cdot \text{in}^2$$

$$Ag := A1 + A2 + A3 = 0.59 \cdot \text{ft}^2$$

$$I1 := \frac{b1 \cdot h1^3}{12} = 13.021 \cdot \text{in}^4$$

$$I2 := \frac{b2 \cdot h2^3}{12} = 571.667 \cdot \text{in}^4$$

$$I3 := \frac{b3 \cdot h3^3}{12} = 13.021 \cdot \text{in}^4$$

$$Ig := I1 + I2 + I3 = 597.708 \cdot \text{in}^4$$

#### Variables

Ag: Total (gross) cross-sectional area

### Beam Selfweight

$$\gamma_{\text{conc}} := 124.2 \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{ft}^3} \text{ (per mix design)}$$

$$\text{weight} := \gamma_{\text{conc}} \cdot Lt \cdot Ag = 1392.9 \cdot \text{lbf}$$

$$\omega_{\text{sw}} := (Ag) \cdot \gamma_{\text{conc}} = 73.313 \cdot \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{ft}}$$

$$\omega_{\text{conc}} := \gamma_{\text{conc}} \cdot Ag = 73.313 \cdot \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{ft}}$$

$$M_{\text{sw}} := \frac{\omega_{\text{sw}} \cdot L^2}{8} = 2648 \cdot \text{ft} \cdot \text{lbf}$$

$$yd := Ag \cdot Lt = 0.415 \cdot \text{yd}^3$$

#### Variables

$\gamma_{\text{conc}}$ : Concrete unit weight

$\omega_{\text{conc}}$ : Nominal weight of concrete

Msw: Moment due to the beam's selfweight (ignoring 1'-0" overhang)

### Transformed Steel Properties @ Release

$$ni - 1 = 5.842$$

$$At1 := (ni - 1) \cdot Ap = 0.012 \cdot \text{ft}^2$$

$$At2 := (ni - 1) \cdot As = 0.025 \cdot \text{ft}^2$$

$$Atr := At1 + At2 + Ag = 90.409 \cdot \text{in}^2$$

#### Variables

Atr: Transformed cross-sectional area

## Structural Calculations

### Transformed Section Centroid @ Release

$$y_g := \frac{[A_1 \cdot (h_2 + h_3 + .5h_1) + A_2 \cdot (h_3 + .5h_2) + A_3 \cdot (.5h_3)]}{A_1 + A_2 + A_3} = 9.5 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$y_{\bar{}} := \frac{\left[ A_1 \cdot (h_3 + h_2 + 0.5h_1) + A_2 \cdot (h_3 + 0.5 \cdot h_2) + A_3 \cdot (0.5 \cdot h_3) \dots \right.}{(A_1 + A_2 + A_1 + A_2 + A_3)} \\ \left. + A_2 \cdot [h_3 + h_2 + [h_1 - (CC_s + 0.5ds)]] + A_1 \cdot (CC_p + 0.5 \cdot dp) \right] = 9.665 \cdot \text{in}$$

#### Variables

y<sub>g</sub>: centroid of gross section

y<sub>bar</sub>: centroid of transformed section

### Transformed Section Moment of Inertia @ Release

$$I_{tr} := \left[ I_1 + A_1 \cdot [(h_3 + h_2 + 0.5h_1) - y_{\bar{}}]^2 \dots \right. \\ \left. + I_2 + A_2 \cdot (|h_3 + 0.5h_2 - y_{\bar{}}|)^2 \dots \right. \\ \left. + I_3 + A_3 \cdot (y_{\bar{}} - 0.5h_3)^2 \dots \right. \\ \left. + A_2 \cdot [h_3 + h_2 + [h_3 + h_3 + [h_1 - (CC_s + 0.5ds)] - y_{\bar{}}]]^2 \dots \right. \\ \left. + A_1 \cdot [y_{\bar{}} - (CC_p + 0.5dp)]^2 \right] = 4744 \cdot \text{in}^4$$

### Material Properties @ Release

$$f_{pi} := 174 \text{ ksi} \quad (\text{assumed})$$

$$F_p := f_{pi} \cdot A_p = 53.2 \cdot \text{kip}$$

$$y_{top} := (h_1 + h_2 + h_3) - y_{\bar{}} = 9.335 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$y_{bottom} := y_{\bar{}} = 9.665 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$y_{barp} := .5 \cdot h_3 = 1.25 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$ecc := y_{\bar{}} - y_{barp} = 8.4 \cdot \text{in}$$

#### Variables

f<sub>pi</sub>: Specified compressive strength of prestress steel at release

F<sub>p</sub>: Force in prestressed steel at release

ecc: Eccentricity

y<sub>barp</sub>: distance from bottom of flange to prestressed steel

## Structural Calculations

### Stress at Release

$$\sigma_{bottom} := \frac{-F_p}{A_{tr}} - \frac{(F_p \cdot ecc \cdot y_{bottom})}{I_{tr}} = -1502 \text{ psi}$$

$$\sigma_{top} := \frac{-F_p}{A_{tr}} + \frac{(F_p \cdot ecc \cdot y_{top})}{I_{tr}} = 293 \text{ psi}$$

(ignore sw at transfer length, conservative)

Check:

$$\left| \frac{\sigma_{bottom}}{.6fci} \right| \leq 1 = 1 \quad \text{OK}$$

$$\frac{\sigma_{top}}{\sqrt{\frac{fci}{psi}}} = 3.937 < 6 \quad \text{OK, provide top steel anyway}$$

$$.6fci = 3318 \text{ psi} \quad \text{OK}$$

### Transformed Steel Properties @ 28-days

$$n - 1 = 4.574$$

$$At1 := (n - 1) \cdot A_p = 9.721 \times 10^{-3} \text{ ft}^2$$

$$At2 := (n - 1) \cdot A_s = 0.02 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$At_{tr} := At1 + At2 + Ag = 89.236 \cdot \text{in}^2$$

### Transformed Section Centroid @ 28-days

$$y_{bar} := \frac{[A1 \cdot (h3 + h2 + 0.5h1) + A2 \cdot (h3 + 0.5 \cdot h2) + A3 \cdot (0.5 \cdot h3) ... \\ + At2 \cdot [h3 + h2 + [h1 - (CC_s + 0.5ds)]] + At1 \cdot (CC_p + 0.5 \cdot dp)]}{(At1 + At2 + A1 + A2 + A3)} = 9.631 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$y_{cg} := \frac{[A1 \cdot (h2 + h3 + .5h1) + A2 \cdot (h3 + .5h2) + A3 \cdot (.5h3)]}{A1 + A2 + A3} = 9.5 \cdot \text{in}$$

### Moment of Inertia of Areas 1,2,3

$$I1 := \frac{b1 \cdot h1^3}{12} = 13.021 \cdot \text{in}^4$$

$$I2 := \frac{b2 \cdot h2^3}{12} = 571.667 \cdot \text{in}^4$$

$$I3 := \frac{b3 \cdot h3^3}{12} = 13.021 \cdot \text{in}^4$$

$$Ig := I1 + I2 + I3 = 598 \cdot \text{in}^4$$

## Structural Calculations

### Transformed Section Moment of Inertia @ 28-days

$$\text{Itr} := \left[ I_1 + A_1 \cdot [(h_3 + h_2 + 0.5h_1) - y_{\bar{}}]^2 \dots + I_2 + A_2 \cdot (|h_3 + 0.5h_2 - y_{\bar{}}|)^2 \dots + I_3 + A_3 \cdot (y_{\bar{}} - 0.5h_3)^2 \dots + A_{t2} \cdot [h_3 + h_2 + [h_1 - (CC_s + 0.5ds)] - y_{\bar{}}]^2 \dots + A_{t1} \cdot [y_{\bar{}} - (CC_p + 0.5dp)]^2 \right] = 4285 \cdot \text{in}^4$$

### Cracking Load

fps := 180000psi (assumed)

$$Fps := fps \cdot A_p = 55.1 \cdot \text{kip}$$

$$P_{cr} := \frac{2I_{tr}}{7 \cdot \text{ft} \cdot y_{bottom}} \cdot \left( f_r + \frac{Fps}{A_{tr}} + \frac{Fps \cdot ecc \cdot y_{bottom}}{I_{tr}} - \frac{M_{sw} \cdot y_{bottom}}{I_{tr}} \right) = 22.2 \cdot \text{kip}$$

Check:

$$P_{cr} \geq 20 \cdot \text{kip} = 1 \quad \text{OK}$$

### Variables

fps: Stress in prestressing steel at initial cracking load

Fps: Force in prestressed steel at cracking

Pcr: Cracking Load

### Cracking Moment

$$M_{cr} := \left[ f_r + \frac{Fps}{A_{tr}} + \frac{(Fps \cdot ecc \cdot y_{\bar{}})}{I_{tr}} - \left( M_{sw} \cdot \frac{y_{\bar{}}}{I_{tr}} \right) \right] \cdot \frac{I_{tr}}{y_{\bar{}}} = 78 \cdot \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

## Structural Calculations

### Ultimate Moment Properties

$$\varepsilon_c := -0.003 \quad E_p := 29 \cdot 10^6 \text{ psi} \quad f_y := 60000 \text{ psi}$$

$$\varepsilon_y := \frac{f_y}{E_s} = 2.069 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\beta_1 := \max \left[ \min \left[ .85 - (f_c - 4000 \text{ psi}) \left( \frac{.05}{1000 \text{ psi}} \right), .85 \right], .65 \right] = 0.65$$

$$d := h_1 + h_2 + \frac{1}{2}h_3 = 17.75 \text{ in}$$

$$d_{\text{prime}} := C_{\text{Cs}} \quad c_z := 1 \text{ in}$$

Given

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} -.85f_c \cdot \beta_1 \cdot c_z \cdot b_1 + \max \left[ \varepsilon_c \cdot \frac{(c_z - d_{\text{prime}})}{c_z} \cdot E_s, -f_y \right] \cdot A_s \dots \\ + A_p \cdot \min \left[ E_p \cdot \left[ 0.003 \cdot \frac{(d - c_z)}{c_z} \right] \cdot \left[ 0.025 + \frac{0.975}{\left[ 1 + \left[ 118 \cdot \left[ 0.003 \cdot \frac{(d - c_z)}{c_z} \right]^{10} \right] \right]^{\left( \frac{1}{10} \right)}} \right], 270 \text{ ksi} \right] \end{array} \right] = 0$$

$$c_z := \text{Minerr}(c_z) = 1.416 \text{ in}$$

$$\varepsilon_{\text{prime}} := \varepsilon_c \cdot \frac{(c_z - d_{\text{prime}})}{c_z} = -8.811 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$f_{\text{prime}} := \begin{cases} (\varepsilon_{\text{prime}} \cdot E_s) & \text{if } |\varepsilon_{\text{prime}}| \leq \varepsilon_y \\ f_y & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} = -25.551 \text{ ksi}$$

$$\varepsilon_p := 0.003 \cdot \frac{(d - c_z)}{c_z} = 0.035$$

$$f_{\text{pu}} := \min \left[ E_p \cdot \varepsilon_p \cdot \left[ 0.025 + \frac{0.975}{\left[ 1 + (118 \cdot \varepsilon_p)^{10} \right]^{\left( \frac{1}{10} \right)}} \right], 270 \text{ ksi} \right] = 265 \text{ ksi}$$

$$T := A_p \cdot f_{\text{pu}} = 81001.8 \text{ lbf}$$

$$C_s := f_{\text{prime}} \cdot A_s = -15841.6 \text{ lbf} \quad C_c := -.85f_c \cdot \beta_1 \cdot c_z \cdot b_1 = -65160.1 \text{ lbf}$$

$$F_{\text{pu}} := T$$

*Check:*

$$C_s + C_c + T = -0 \text{ lbf} \quad \text{OK}$$

# Structural Calculations

## Variables

$\epsilon_c$ : Strain of concrete

$\epsilon_p$ : Strain of Prestressing steel

$E_p$ : Modulus of elasticity of prestressing steel

$\beta_1$ : factor relating depth of equivalent rectangular compressive stress block to neutral axis depth

$f_{pu}$ : Specified tensile strength of prestressing steel

$C_s$ : Compression force from steel

$C_c$ : Compression force from concrete

$F_{pu}$ : Force in the prestressed steel at ultimate load

$c_z$ : depth of compression zone

## Ultimate Moment

$$a := \beta_1 \cdot c_z = 0.92 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$jd := d - \frac{a}{2} = 17.29 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$M_n := -C_c \left( c_z - \frac{a}{2} \right) - C_s (c_z - d') + T(d - c_z) = 116 \cdot \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

## Ultimate Load

$$P_u := (M_n - M_{sw}) \cdot \frac{2}{7 \text{ft}} = 32.4 \cdot \text{kip}$$

*Check:*

$$40 \text{kip} \geq P_u \geq 32 \text{kip} = 1 \quad \text{OK}$$

## Approximated Ultimate Deflection

$$\delta := \frac{P_u \cdot (L)^3}{48 E_c \cdot I_g} = 1.842 \cdot \text{in}$$

$$\theta := \sigma_{top} \cdot A_g = 24.882 \cdot \text{kip}$$

NOTE: See deflection calculations for accurate deflection

*Check:*

$$A_s > \frac{\theta}{40 \text{ksi}} = 0 \quad \text{OK}$$

## Variables

$\delta$ : Ultimate deflection

$\theta$ : Rotation

$A_s$ : Area of nonprestressed longitudinal tension reinforcement

## Structural Calculations

### Shear Calculations

$$\text{Recall: } \gamma_{\text{conc}} = 124.2 \cdot \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{ft}^3} \quad \omega_{\text{conc}} = 73.313 \cdot \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{ft}} \quad A_g = 0.59 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$h = 1.583 \text{ ft} \quad \sqrt{\frac{f_c}{(\text{psi})}} \cdot (\text{psi})$$

$$W_2 := \omega_{\text{conc}} \cdot L = 1246 \text{ lbf}$$

$$By := \frac{P_u}{2} + \frac{W_2}{2} = 16.8 \cdot \text{kip}$$

$$Ay := By = 16.816 \cdot \text{kip}$$

#### Variables:

W2: Total load due to selfweight

Ay: Reaction at A

By: Reaction at B

#### Shear at h/2 from support

$$v_1 := Ay - \omega_{\text{conc}} \cdot \frac{h}{2} = 16.758 \cdot \text{kip}$$

$$M_1 := Ay \cdot \frac{h}{2} - \omega_{\text{conc}} \cdot \frac{h^2}{8} = 13.3 \cdot \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

#### Shear @ 7'-0" From Support

$$v_2 := Ay - \omega_{\text{conc}} \cdot 7 \text{ ft} = 16.3 \cdot \text{kip}$$

$$M_2 := 7 \text{ ft} \cdot Ay + \omega_{\text{conc}} \cdot 24.5 \text{ ft}^2 = 120 \cdot \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

#### Shear Capacity of Reinforcement

$$A_v := 0.080 \text{ in}^2 \quad f_y := 60000 \text{ psi} \quad s_p := 4 \text{ in}$$

$$V_s := \frac{(A_v \cdot f_y \cdot d)}{s_p} = 21.3 \cdot \text{kip}$$

#### Variables:

A<sub>v</sub>: Area of shear reinforcement with spacing "sp"

f<sub>y</sub>: Specified yield strength "f<sub>y</sub>" of transverse reinforcement

V<sub>s</sub>: Nominal shear strength provided by shear reinforcement

## Structural Calculations

### Shear and Moment at h/2 due to dead load only

$$M_{dead support} := \omega_{conc} \cdot \frac{L}{2} \cdot \left( \frac{h}{2} \right) - \omega_{conc} \cdot \frac{\left( \frac{h}{2} \right)^2}{2} = 0.47 \cdot \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$V_d := \omega_{conc} \cdot \frac{L}{2} - \omega_{conc} \cdot \frac{h}{2} = 565 \text{ lbf}$$

$$\theta := \sigma_{top} \cdot A_g = 24.9 \cdot \text{kip}$$

*Check:*

$$A_s > \frac{\theta}{40 \text{ ksi}} = 0 \quad \text{OK}$$

### Shear Capacity of Concrete at h/2

$$f_{pe} := -\sigma_{bottom} = 1501.7 \text{ psi} \quad f_d := M_{dead support} \cdot \frac{y_g}{I_g} = 89.7 \text{ psi}$$

$$V_i := v_1 = 16.758 \cdot \text{kip} \quad M_n = 116 \cdot \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft} \quad M_{max} := M_1 = 13.3 \cdot \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$M_{cre} := \left( \frac{I_g}{y_g} \right) \cdot \left[ 6 \cdot \lambda \cdot \sqrt{\frac{f_c}{(\text{psi})}} \cdot (\text{psi}) + f_{pe} - f_d \right] = 9.6 \cdot \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$b_w := b_2 = 2.5 \cdot \text{in} \quad d = 1.479 \text{ ft}$$

$$V_{ci} := 0.6 \cdot \lambda \cdot \left[ \sqrt{\frac{f_c}{(\text{psi})}} \cdot (\text{psi}) \right] \cdot d \cdot b_w + V_d + \frac{(V_i \cdot M_{cre})}{M_{max}} = 14.4 \cdot \text{kip}$$

$$V_{cw} := \left[ 3.5 \cdot \lambda \cdot \left[ \sqrt{\frac{f_c}{(\text{psi})}} \cdot (\text{psi}) \right] \right] \cdot b_w \cdot d = 10.6 \cdot \text{kip}$$

$$V_c := \min(V_{ci}, V_{cw}) = 10.6 \cdot \text{kip}$$

$$V_n := V_c + V_s = 31.9 \cdot \text{kip}$$

*Check:*

$$\frac{V_s}{\lambda \cdot \left[ \sqrt{\frac{f_c}{(\text{psi})}} \cdot (\text{psi}) \right] \cdot b_w \cdot d} = 7.012 < 8 \quad \text{OK}$$

# Structural Calculations

## Shear Capacity of Concrete at h/2 (cont)

Check:

$$V_n > v_1 = 1 \quad \text{OK}$$

### Variables:

- M<sub>cre</sub>: Moment causing flexural cracking at section due to externally applied loads
- V<sub>c1</sub>: Nominal shear strength provided by concrete when diagonal cracking results from combined shear and moment
- V<sub>cw</sub>: Nominal shear strength provided by concrete when diagonal cracking results from high principal tensile stress in web
- V<sub>c</sub>: Nominal shear strength provided by concrete
- V<sub>n</sub>: Nominal shear strength
- V<sub>u</sub>: factored shear force at section

## Shear Capacity of Concrete @ 7'-0" from support

$$M_{deadload} := \omega_{conc} \cdot \frac{L}{2} \cdot (7\text{ft}) - \omega_{conc} \cdot \frac{(7\text{ft})^2}{2} = 2.566 \cdot \text{kip}\cdot\text{ft}$$

$$V_d := \omega_{conc} \cdot \frac{L}{2} - \omega_{conc} \cdot 7\text{ft} = 109.969 \text{ lbf}$$

$$f_{pe} := -\sigma_{bottom} = 1501.7 \text{ psi} \quad f_d := M_{deadload} \cdot \frac{y_g}{I_g} = 489 \text{ psi}$$

$$V_i := v_2 = 16.3 \cdot \text{kip} \quad M_n = 116 \cdot \text{kip}\cdot\text{ft}$$

$$M_{cre} := \left( \frac{I_g}{y_g} \right) \cdot \left[ 6 \cdot \lambda \cdot \sqrt{\frac{f_c}{(\text{psi})}} \cdot (\text{psi}) + f_{pe} - f_d \right] = 7.5 \cdot \text{kip}\cdot\text{ft}$$

$$b_w := b_2 = 2.5 \cdot \text{in} \quad d = 1.479 \text{ ft}$$

$$V_{ci} := 0.6 \cdot \lambda \cdot \left[ \sqrt{\frac{f_c}{(\text{psi})}} \cdot (\text{psi}) \right] \cdot d \cdot b_w + V_d + \frac{(V_i \cdot M_{cre})}{M_{max}} = 2.95 \cdot \text{kip} \quad M_{max} := M_2 = 1.195 \times 10^5 \cdot \text{lbf}\cdot\text{ft}$$

$$V_{cw} := \left[ 3.5 \cdot \lambda \cdot \left[ \sqrt{\frac{f_c}{(\text{psi})}} \cdot (\text{psi}) \right] \right] \cdot b_w \cdot d = 10.6 \cdot \text{kip}$$

$$V_c := \min(V_{ci}, V_{cw}) = 3 \cdot \text{kip}$$

$$V_n := V_c + V_s = 24.3 \cdot \text{kip}$$

## Structural Calculations

### Shear Capacity of Concrete @ 7'-0" (cont)

Check:

$$\frac{V_s}{\lambda \cdot \left[ \sqrt{\frac{f_c}{(psi)}} \cdot (psi) \right] \cdot b_w \cdot d} = 7.012 < 8 \text{ OK}$$

$$V_n > v_2 = 1 \text{ OK}$$

### Check Development Length

$$l_d := \left( \frac{f_{pi}}{3000 \text{ psi}} \right) \cdot d_p + \frac{(f_{pu} - f_{pi})}{1000 \text{ psi}} \cdot d_p = 6.196 \text{ ft} < 7 \text{ ft OK}$$

## Structural Calculations

### Cost Calculations

dollar ≡ 1¤

$$A_{mesh} := 0.12 \frac{\text{in}^2}{\text{ft}}$$

$$yd \equiv 3 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{cost per volume} := 110 \frac{\text{dollar}}{\text{yd}^3}$$

$$\text{total area form work} := (h + b_3) \cdot L_t = 45.917 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\text{total volume} := L_t \cdot (A_g) = 0.415 \cdot yd^3$$

$$\text{cost per length prestressed} := .30 \frac{\text{dollar}}{\text{ft}}$$

$$\text{cost per pound number 5} := .45 \frac{\text{dollar}}{\text{lbf}}$$

$$\text{cost per pound mesh} := .50 \frac{\text{dollar}}{\text{lbf}}$$

$$\text{cost per square foot form work} := 1.25 \frac{\text{dollar}}{\text{ft}^2}$$

$$\text{total cost concrete} := \text{cost per volume} \cdot \text{total volume} = 45.69 \cdot \text{dollar}$$

$$\text{total cost prestressed} := L_t \cdot \text{cost per length prestressed} \cdot n_{pb} = 11.4 \cdot \text{dollar}$$

$$\text{total cost number 5} := 1.04 \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{ft}} \cdot n_{cs} L_t \cdot (\text{cost per pound number 5}) = 17.784 \cdot \text{dollar}$$

$$\text{total cost mesh} := 2 \cdot A_{mesh} \cdot L_t \cdot 0.85 \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{ft}^2} \cdot (\text{cost per pound mesh}) = 0.013 \cdot \text{dollar}$$

$$\text{total cost form work} := [(h + b_3) \cdot L_t] \cdot \text{cost per square foot form work} = 57.396 \cdot \text{dollar}$$

total cost := total cost prestressed + total cost concrete ... + total cost number 5 + total cost mesh + total cost form work	= 132.285 · dollar
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### Weight

$$\text{concrete weight} := \gamma_{conc} \cdot \text{total volume} = 1.393 \times 10^3 \text{ lbf}$$

$$\text{steel weight} := n_{cs} L_t \cdot 1.04 \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{ft}} + n_{pb} L_t \cdot 0.52 \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{ft}} = 59.28 \cdot \text{lbf}$$

$$\text{mesh weight} := 2 \cdot A_{mesh} \cdot L_t \cdot 0.85 \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{ft}^2} = 0.027 \cdot \text{lbf}$$

$$\text{total weight} := \text{steel weight} + \text{concrete weight} + \text{mesh weight} = 1452 \cdot \text{lbf}$$

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